

The Hongkong Telegraph.

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MONDAY, MARCH 23, 1908

一拜禮 號三十二月三英曆

\$30 PER ANNUM
SINGLE COPY, 10 CENTS

Banks.

YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LIMITED.

CAPITAL PAID-UP Yen 24,000,000
RESERVE FUNDS 15,120,000

Head Office—YOKOHAMA.

Branches and Agencies.

TOKIO.
Kobe.
OSAKA.
NAGASAKI.
LONDON.
LYONS.
NEW YORK.
SAN FRANCISCO.
HONOLULU.
BOMBAY.
SHANGHAI.
HANKOW.

CHEFOO.
TIENTSIN.
PEKIN.
NEWCHWANG.
DALNY.
PORT ARTHUR.
ANTUNG.
LIAOYANG.
MUKDEN.
TIE-LING.
CHANG-CHUN.

HONGKONG—INTEREST ALLOWED.
On Current Account at the rate of 2 per cent.
On Annul on the Daily Balance.
On fixed deposit:—
For 12 months 5% p.a.
" 6 " 4% " "
" 3 " 3% " "

TAKAO TAKAMICHI,
Manager.

Hongkong, 23rd March, 1908. [23]

INTERNATIONAL BANKING CORPORATION.

FISCAL AGENTS OF THE UNITED STATES
IN CHINA, THE PHILIPPINE ISLANDS AND
THE REPUBLIC OF PANAMA.

CAPITAL PAID UP GOLD \$3,250,000
ABOUT Mex \$7,222,222
RESERVE FUND GOLD \$3,250,000
ABOUT Mex \$7,222,222

HEAD OFFICE:
60 WALL STREET, NEW YORK.

LONDON OFFICE:
THREEDNEEDLE HOUSE, E.C.

LONDON BANKERS:
BANK OF ENGLAND.

NATIONAL PROVINCIAL BANK OF
ENGLAND, LIMITED.

THE CAPITAL AND COUNTIES BANK, LTD.

BRANCHES AND AGENTS ALL OVER THE
WORLD.

THE Corporation transacts every description
of Banking and Exchange Business,
receives Money in Current Account at the
rate of 2 per centum on daily balances and ac-
cepts Fixed Deposits at the following rates:—
For 12 months 4 1/2 per cent. per annum.
" 6 " 4 " "
" 3 " 3 " "

No. 9, Queen's Road Central,
Hongkong.

W. M. ANDERSON,
Manager.

Hongkong, 12th March, 1908. [25]

NEDERLANDSCHE HANDEL MAATSCHAPPIJ.

(Netherlands Trading Society.)

ESTABLISHED 1824.

PAID-UP CAPITAL Fl. 45,000,000 (£3,750,000).
RESERVE FUND Fl. 5,378,375
(about £448,000).

Head Office—AMSTERDAM.

Head Agency—BATAVIA.

BRANCHES:—Singapore, Penang, Shanghai,
Rangoon, Samarang, Sourabaya, Cherbon,
Tegal, Pecalongan, Pasoeroean, Tjilatjap,
Padang, Medan (Deli), Palembang, Kota-
Radja (Acheen), Bandjerma.

Correspondents at Macassar, Bombay, Colom-
bo, Madras, Pondicherry, Calcutta, Rang-
kok, Saigon, Haiphong, Hanoi, Amoy,
Yokohama, Kobe, Melbourne, Sydney,
New York, San Francisco, &c.

LONDON BANKERS:
THE UNION OF LONDON AND SMITHS
BANK, LIMITED.

THE Bank buys and sells and receives for
collection Bills of Exchange, issues
letters of credit on its Branches and corre-
spondents in the East, on the Continent, in
Great Britain, America, and Australia, and
transacts banking business of every description.
INTEREST ALLOWED.

On Current Accounts 2 1/2 per annum on daily
balances.

Fixed Deposits 12 months 4 1/2 per annum.
" 6 " 4 " "
" 3 " 3 " "

J. L. VAN HOUTEN,
Agent.

Hongkong, 18th November, 1907. [16]

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

PAID-UP CAPITAL \$15,000,000
Sterling
\$1,500,000 at 2/11= \$11,000,000
Silver \$13,500,000

RESERVE LIABILITY OF PROPRIETORS \$15,000,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS:

Hon. Mr. Henry Kewick, Chairman.
E. Goetz, Esq., Deputy Chairman.
G. Friesland, Esq. E. Shellan, Esq.
A. Fuchs, Esq. R. Shewan, Esq.
G. S. Gubbay, Esq. H. A. W. Slade, Esq.
C. R. Lemmann, Esq. H. E. Tomkins, Esq.
G. H. Medhurst, Esq.

CHIEF MANAGER:
Hongkong—J. R. M. SMITH.

MANAGER:
Shanghai—H. E. R. HUNTER.

LONDON BANKERS—LONDON AND COUNTRY
BANKING COMPANY, LIMITED.

HONGKONG—INTEREST ALLOWED:
On Current Account at the rate of 2 per cent.
On Annul on the daily balance.

ON FIXED DEPOSITS:
For 3 months, 2 1/2 per cent. per annum.
For 6 months, 3 1/2 per cent. per annum.
For 12 months, 4 1/2 per cent. per annum.

J. R. M. SMITH,
Chief Manager.

Hongkong, 19th February, 1908. [24]

HONGKONG SAVINGS BANK.

THE Business of the above Bank is conducted
by the HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI
BANKING CORPORATION. Rules may be
obtained on application.

INTEREST on deposits is allowed at 3 1/2 PER
CENT. per annum.

Depositors may transfer at their option
balances of \$100 or more to the HONGKONG AND
SHANGHAI BANK to be placed on FIXED
DEPOSIT at 4 PER CENT. per annum.

For the HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI
BANKING CORPORATION,
J. R. M. SMITH,
Chief Manager.

Hongkong, 12th January, 1907. [28]

THE CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA AND CHINA.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER, 1853.

HEAD OFFICE:—LONDON.

PAID-UP CAPITAL £1,200,000
RESERVE FUND £1,475,000
RESERVE LIABILITIES OF PROPRIETORS £1,200,000

INTEREST ALLOWED ON CURRENT
ACCOUNT at the rate of 2 per cent. per
annum on the Daily Balances.

On Fixed Deposits for 12 months 4 1/2 per cent.
" 6 " 3 1/2 " "
" 3 " 3 " "

JOHN ARMSTRONG,
Manager.

Hongkong, 6th January, 1908. [29]

DEUTSCH ASIATISCHE BANK.

CAPITAL FULLY PAID-UP—Sh. Taels 7,500,000

HEAD OFFICE—SHANGHAI.
BOARD OF DIRECTORS: BERLIN.

BRANCHES:
Berlin, Calcutta, Hamburg, Hankow,
Kobe, Peking, Singapore, Tientsin,
Tientsin, Tsingtau, Yokohama.

FOUNDED BY THE FOLLOWING BANKS AND
BANKERS:
Koenigliche Seehandlung (Preussische
Staatsbank),
Direction der Disconto-Gesellschaft,
Deutsche Bank,
S. Bleichroeder,
Berliner Handels-Gesellschaft,
Bank fuer Handel und Industrie,
Robert Warshawsky & Co.,
Mendelssohn & Co.,
M. A. von Rollich & Soehne, Frankfurt
a/M.,
Norddeutsche Bank in Hamburg, Hamburg,
Sal. Oppenheim jr. & Co., Koeln,
Bayerische Hypotheken- und Wechselbank,
Muenchen.

LONDON BANKERS:
Messrs. R. M. ROTHSCHILD & SONS,
THE UNION OF LONDON AND SMITHS BANK,
DEUTSCHE BANK (BERLIN), LONDON AGENTS.

DIRECTOR DER DISCONTO GESELLSCHAFT.

INTEREST allowed on Current Account.
DEPOSITS received on terms which may be
learned on application. Every description of
Banking and Exchange business transacted.

A. KOEHN,
Manager.

Hongkong, 4th December, 1907. [30]

Mails.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL

STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.

FOR STEAMERS TO SAIL ON:—
LONDON AND ANTWERP VIA MANILA
SINGAPORE, PENANG, COLOMBO and PORT SAID. Capt. F. E. Andrews, R.N. March 27th. Freight and Passage.

SHANGHAI, MOJI, KOBE & {NORR} About 27th } Freight and
YOKOHAMA { Capt. A. P. { March } Passage.

SHANGHAI { DEVANHA } About 2nd } Freight and
{ Capt. T. H. Hild, R.N. } April } Passage.

MARSEILLES and LONDON { DELHI } 4th April. } See Special
{ Capt. J. D. Andrews, R.N. } Noon } Advertisements.

For Further Particulars, apply to

F. T. ABBOTT,

Acting Superintendent.

Hongkong, 23rd March, 1908. [7]

Intimations.

LANE, CRAWFORD & CO.

THE
REAL MACKENZIE WHISKY,
VERY SPECIAL LIQUEUR.

\$21.00 PER DOZ. \$1.85 PER BOTTLE.

CLAN MACKENZIE WHISKY,
OLD MATURED.

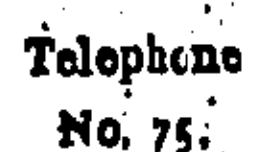
\$14.00 PER DOZ. \$1.20 PER BOTTLE.

These Whiskies are prepared from the
choicest ingredients, correctly distilled
and aged in wood. It is the most perfect
stimulant obtainable.

SOLE AGENTS IN THE EAST—
LANE, CRAWFORD & CO.
Telephone 97. [38]

DOW'S PORTS.

Armadales \$32.00 Per Dozen.
Royal Dry 27.00 " "
Invalid 25.00 " "



Telephone
No. 75.

SOLE AGENTS:
CALDBECK, MACGREGOR & CO.,
WINE AND SPIRIT MERCHANTS,
15, Queen's Road Central.

Hongkong, 6th March, 1908. [40]

THE CITY OF PARIS,
PARISIAN DRESSMAKERS AND COURT MILLINERS,
2, PEDDER STREET, MADAME FLINT, MANAGERESS.

Just Unpacked from Paris ex s.s. "Tonkin"

A LARGE LOT OF

NEW SPRING GOODS.

CHAMPAGNE.

G. H. MUMM & CO.

THE MOST POPULAR WINE

Can be had in the following qualities:
EXTRA DRY (Gout Americain).
BRUT (Cordon Rouge).

Sales in the United States exceed the total of
all other Brands.

Served in all Clubs and First-class Hotels,
and obtainable at all Wine Merchants in the
Colony, and from Shewan, Tomes & Co., Sole
agents.

Shipping—Steamers

HONGKONG, CANTON, MACAO AND WEST RIVER STEAMERS.

JOINT SERVICE OF

THE HONGKONG, CANTON AND MACAO STEAMBOAT CO., LTD., AND
THE CHINA NAVIGATION COMPANY, LTD.

HONGKONG-CANTON LINE.

S.S. "HONAM" 2,363 Tons, "POWAN" 2,338 Tons, "FATSHAN" 2,260 Tons,
"KINSHAN" 1,995 Tons, "HEUNGSHAN" 1,998 Tons.

Departures from HONGKONG to CANTON daily at 8 A.M. (Sunday excepted), 10 P.M. (Saturday excepted).

Departures from CANTON to HONGKONG daily at 8 A.M. and 5.30 P.M. (Sunday excepted).

The S.S. "POWAN" will leave Hongkong every Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 9 P.M. from the Wing Lok Street Wharf, returning from Canton every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 5 P.M.

These Steamers, carrying His Majesty's Mails, are the largest and fastest on the River.

Special attention is drawn to their Superior Saloon and Cabin Accommodation.

SERVICE OF THE HONGKONG, CANTON AND MACAO STEAMBOAT CO., LTD.

HONGKONG-MACAO LINE.

S.S. "SUI-AN" 1,651 Tons and "SUI-TAI" 1,651 Tons.

Departures from Hongkong to Macao on week days at 8 A.M. from the Wing Lok Street Wharf and at 2 P.M. from the Company's Wharf.

On Sundays Special Cheap Excursions as per particulars at foot.

Departures from Macao to Hongkong on week days at 7.30 A.M. and 2 P.M.

JOINT SERVICE OF

HONGKONG, CANTON AND MACAO STEAMBOAT CO., LTD.,
THE CHINA NAVIGATION COMPANY, LTD., AND THE INDO-CHINA STEAM NAVIGATION
COMPANY, LTD.

CANTON-WUCHOW LINE.

S.S. "SAINAM" 588 Tons, and "NANNING" 569 Tons.

One of the above steamers leaves Canton for Wuchow every Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at about 8 A.M., and the other leaves Wuchow for Canton on the same days at 8.30 A.M. Round trips take about 5 days. These vessels have Superior Cabin Accommodation and are lighted throughout by electricity.

EXCURSION TO MACAO.

On SUNDAYS, the Company's Steamship "SUI-AN" will depart from the Wing Lok Street Wharf at 9 A.M. Returning from Macao at 5 P.M.

Popular Excursion Rates as usual.

N.B.—The Company also runs a steamer from Macao on Sunday morning at 7.30 A.M. and from Hongkong at 1 P.M. from the Douglas Wharf. This steamer connects with the returning steamer from Macao.

Further particulars may be obtained at the Office of the—

HONGKONG, CANTON & MACAO STEAMBOAT CO. LD.,
HOTEL MANSIONS, (FIRST FLOOR),
opposite the Hongkong Hotel. [6]

Hotels.

KOWLOON HOTEL, HONGKONG.

NEEDS NO ADVERTISING.

World-Wide Reputation.
The only First-class Hotel in Kowloon.
Most Charming and Popular Resort in the
Colony.
Electric Lights, Fans and Call Bells.
Bath Rooms attached to Each Room.

Telegraphic Address:
"CHEF" HONGKONG.
Telephone No. 74.

Unrivalled for Comfort and Cuisine.
Thoroughly Up to Date with Every Modern
Luxury.
Billiards and Bowling Alleys.
Moderate Terms and No Extras.
Modern Management.

O. E. OWEN,
Proprietor.

VICTORIA HOTEL,

(TELEGRAMS—VICTORIA—SHAMKIN),
SHAMKIN, CANTON.
On the British Concession.
H. HAYNES,
Manager.

MACAO HOTEL,

(TELEGRAMS—FARMER—MACAO).
MACAO, CHINA.
In the Centre of the Praia Grande.

BOTH HOTELS ELECTRICALLY LIGHTED AND UNDER EXPERIENCED
EUROPEAN MANAGEMENT.

EVERY COMFORT AND CONVENIENCE FOR RESIDENTS AND
TOURISTS.

Wm. FARMER, Proprietor.

HOTEL CRAIGIEBURN,

PLUNKET'S GATE, THE PRIZE, near the TRAM TERMINUS Tel. 56.

For Terms, &c., apply to the

MANAGER.

Hotels.

HONGKONG HOTEL.

FIRST CLASS AND UP-TO-DATE.

Military Band during dinner on Saturday Nights.

A. F. DAVIES,
Manager.

Hongkong, 21st June, 1907.

CONNAUGHT HOTEL, HONGKONG.

A FIRST-CLASS EUROPEAN HOTEL

SITUATED IN THE MAIN STREET NEAR THE BANKS AND PRINCIPAL OFFICES.

STRICTLY EUROPEAN MANAGEMENT.

Wines and Spirits of the very Best Quality.

Bath to Every Room.

Hot and Cold Water Throughout.

Hotel Lunch Meets all Steamers.

Special Terms for Tourists and Parties or Families.

For Terms apply to—

THE MANAGER & AGENTS

Wm. Powell, Ltd.,
ALEXANDRA BUILDINGS.

Ladies' Millinery Department.

THIS WEEK:
SPECIAL SHOW
LADIES' MILLINERY.

Latest Shapes, Prevailing Styles.

NEW CREATIONS
FROM
PARIS AND LONDON.

Now Showing in the
Millinery Department.

Wm. Powell, Ltd.,
Des Voeux Road, and 28 Queen's Road, HONGKONG.

Public Companies

CHINA SUGAR REFINING COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE.

THE THIRTIETH ORDINARY ANNUAL MEETING OF THE SHAREHOLDERS of the above Company will be held at the Offices of the General Agents on **THURSDAY, the 25th March, at Noon**, for the purpose of receiving the Report and Statement of Accounts for the year ending 31st December, 1907.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 13th to 25th March, both days inclusive.

JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd.,
General Agents.
Hongkong, 6th March, 1908. [294]

LUZON SUGAR REFINING COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE.

THE TWENTY-SIXTH ORDINARY ANNUAL MEETING OF THE SHAREHOLDERS of the above Company will be held at the Offices of the General Agents on **THURSDAY, the 25th March, at 12.30 P.M.**, for the purpose of receiving the Report and Statement of Accounts for the year ending 31st December, 1907.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 13th to 25th March, both days inclusive.

JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd.,
General Agents.
Hongkong, 6th March, 1908. [295]

THE PARIS TOILET COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE.

THE SECOND GENERAL MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS will be held on **SATURDAY, the 28th March, at 12.30 P.M.**, at No. 5 Queen's Road Central, the Registered Office of the Company, for the purpose of receiving a statement of Accounts and the Report of the General Managers for the year ending 31st December, 1907, and electing an Auditor.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED on **WEDNESDAY, the 25th March, to SATURDAY, the 28th March, both days inclusive.**

PERCY SMITH & SETH,
General Managers.
Hongkong, 21st March, 1908. [336]

THE HONGKONG ROPE MANUFACTURING CO., LTD.

THE TWENTY-FOURTH ORDINARY ANNUAL MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS in the above Company will be held at the COMPANY'S OFFICE, St. George's Building, 6, Connaught Road, Victoria, on **MONDAY, the 30th March, 1908, at Noon**, for the purpose of receiving a Statement of Accounts and the Report of the General Managers for the year ending 31st December, 1907, and electing a Consulting Committee and Auditors.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED on **WEDNESDAY, the 25th March, to MONDAY, the 30th March, both days inclusive.**

SHEWAN, TOMES & Co.,
General Managers.
Hongkong, 18th March, 1908. [327]

Notices of Firms.

NOTICE.

MR. WALTER OTTO having left China ceases to Sign our Firm per Procuration from this date.

MR. PAUL HELL has this day been authorized to Sign our Firm's name per Procuration.

KRUSE & Co.,
Hongkong, 18th March, 1908. [325]

INTERNATIONAL SLEEPING CAR

and

EXPRESS TRAINS Co.

(THE

GREAT TRANS-SIBERIAN ROUTE, TO EUROPE.)

HAVING been appointed AGENTS for the above Company, we shall be pleased to give any information as to rates of passage, &c., in connection with above.

SHEWAN, TOMES & Co.,
Agents.
Hongkong, 31st July, 1907. [47]

Intimations.

PAEST BREWING COMPANY, MILWAUKEE.

FRESH SUPPLIES
ALWAYS KEPT IN STOCK

BY
SIEMSEN & Co.,
Agents for

HONGKONG & SOUTH CHINA.
Hongkong, 29th July, 1907. [41]

LEE YEE
HAIR DRESSING SALOON.

HAS ALWAYS ON HAND
CIGARS CIGARETTES

AND
TOILET REQUISITES

FOR SALE
12, D'AGUILAR STREET,
HONGKONG.
Hongkong, 21st September, 1907.

Intimations.

PLEASE take notice that the next address of **LLOYD'S GREATER BRITAIN PUBLISHING Co., Ltd.**, is 12, Nanjing Road, Shanghai.

SOMERSET PLAYNE,
Manager.

Hongkong, 10th March, 1908. [397]

MUSIC LESSON.

LESSONS in Violin, Mandoline and Guitar at pupils' residence.
Evening engagements for Dances and Concerts.

Apply to—
E. J. LOPES,
C/o Hongkong Telegraph Office.
Hongkong, 9th March, 1908. [392]

COLONIAL SECRETARY'S DEPARTMENT.

It is hereby notified that information has been received from the Military Authorities that **FIELD FIRING** will be carried out on the 23rd, 25th and 27th instant, in a rectangle N.W. of Chuk Un and in the direction of Lion Rock.

It is hereby notified that information has been received from the Military Authorities that **GUN PRACTICE** will be carried out on under—

On **TUESDAY, the 24th March**—
From Pakshawan in an Easterly direction, at ranges up to 6,000 yards commencing at 7 P.M., and finishing at 10 P.M.

If the weather is unfavourable on the above dates, Practice will take place on the following day.

All ships, junks and other vessels are to keep clear of the ranges.

BASIL TAYLOR, Commandr, R.N.,
Harbour Master, &c.
Hongkong, 20th March, 1908. [310]

HARBOUR MASTERS DEPARTMENT.

It is hereby notified that information has been received from the Military Authorities that **GUN PRACTICE** will be carried out on under—

On **TUESDAY, the 24th March**—
From Pakshawan in an Easterly direction, at ranges up to 6,000 yards commencing at 7 P.M., and finishing at 10 P.M.

If the weather is unfavourable on the above dates, Practice will take place on the following day.

All ships, junks and other vessels are to keep clear of the ranges.

BASIL TAYLOR, Commandr, R.N.,
Harbour Master, &c.
Hongkong, 20th March, 1908. [310]

THE CHINA PROVIDENT LOAN AND MORTGAGE CO., LD.

(CAPITAL PAID UP ... \$1,250,000)

Loans on Mortgage of House Property, &c. Goods received on Storage.

Advances made on Merchandise. Loans made on the Provident System. (Rates and Particulars on application).

THE OFFICE OF
TRUSTEE, EXECUTOR OF WILLS, ATTORNEY, &c.,
Undertaken and Executed.

SHEWAN, TOMES & Co.,
General Managers.
Hongkong, 19th March, 1908. [48]

WHERE ARE YOU GOING?

WHY, TO CHAZALON & CO.,

6, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL,

Where I am sure to find the best

FRENCH BONBONS,

LIQUEURS,

BURGUNDY,

BORDEAUX,

CHAMPAGNE

and

CLARET.

Hongkong, 20th January, 1908 [53]

O. C. MOOSA,

1 & 3, D'AGUILAR STREET.

JUST UNPACKED A LARGE AND

SPLENDID STOCK OF

FRENCH MILLINERY,

IN

VARIOUS SHAPES AND COLOURS.

SHOES! SHOES! SHOES!

IN

BLK. AND TAN GLACE KID

from the best American Manufacturer.

FLANNELS, TWEEDS, SERGES,

Ladies' DRESSING GOWNS

and **JACKETS.**

Samples on application. Coast

ports orders carefully executed.
Hongkong, 3rd January, 1908. [10]

NOTICE.

THE Public are hereby informed that no change has been made in the Rates of Subscription to the *Hongkong Telegraph* and they are warned against paying more than **THEY OWE** (10 CENTS) per Single Copy.

THE MANAGER.
Hongkong, 21st September, 1907.

COMMERCIAL.

FREIGHT MARKET.

In their fortnightly report dated 21st inst., Messrs. Lamke & Rogge write:—

The market during the interval under review has not presented any features of special interest except the keen demand for tonnage, evinced by consumers of coal in various quarters, causing rates to tend upwards to quite an appreciable extent.

With regard to coal, freights, and unfortunately in connection with that branch of the coasting trade only, it would appear a practical certainty that rates will still further ascend, inasmuch as quite a number of unfilled orders remain on the market.

The circumstance that Newchwang will shortly open and promises to absorb some tonnage, should in particular prove a contributing factor towards pushing up rates of freight for small-sized steamers from Japan to the South.

There is also evidence of a better feeling in freights from Chefoo and Yangtze River ports to the South, and it seems pretty certain that at least during the next few months "liners" will have sufficient employment in their own sphere and no longer join in the competition for coast charters.

Inquiry from Saigon to this port has been of the most meagre description owing to the flat state of the local rice market. There have been three charters only during the fortnight, of which the last one was effected at 131 cents only. This figure is quoted at the close.

Saigon to Philippines:—Urgent needs, having been filled, the rate has slightly receded. Two steamers, fixed during the fortnight, had to be satisfied with 37 cents for 20,000 piculs and 25 cents for 25,000 piculs respectively.

From Philippines to ports in North China a couple of steamers have been chartered to carry sugar cargoes. The basis of these engagements has not been disclosed so far.

On both terms another large carrier has found employment from Bangkok to this port.

Freights from Java continue extremely dull. The rate to Hongkong for dry and/or wet sugar is nothing better than 20 cents per picul.

Rumour has it that local Refineries have taken up a prompt boat on that basis for dry sugar only.

After a long period of stagnation Northern freights have at last taken a turn for the better. Especially in the direction Chefoo to Swatow the improvement is a marked one, "liners" being now able to secure full cargoes at 2 mace per picul. Tientsin has been free from ice already since a few days ago, and Newchwang traffic will re-open about the 23rd instant.

Opening rates Newchwang to Canton promise to touch a higher level than last year, and the general belief is also entertained that the amount of chartering will not be so infinitesimal as in 1907. Whilst writing, we hear of the settlement of a C-N-Co's steamer for part space at the good rate of 30 cents per picul.

Coal Freights:—The following charters are on record: Hongkong to Canton at \$1.80, Karatsu and Wakamatsu to Canton at \$1.25, Moji to Hongkong at \$1.50, and Moji and/or Kuchino to Singapore at \$1.75/\$1.85. Demand is nearly all these directions continues; but appears difficult to fill for want of suitable tonnage.

Some further chartering Pulo Laut to Kohsi-chang is supposed to have come to pass, of which details are so far withheld.

Sail Freights:—Nothing doing.

Sail Tonnage loading or to load:—None.

Sail Tonnage Disengaged:—None.

Departure of Sailing:—None.

TROPICAL HEAT SAPS STRENGTH.

THINS THE BLOOD, ENERVATES THE SYSTEM, INDUCES ANAEMIA, SLEEPLESSNESS, DYSPEPSIA, "NERVES."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills

Build up Body, Brain and Nerve; Cure Allments Caused by Debilitated, Impure Blood; are Pre-eminently

"The Tonic for The Tropics."

An Ansemic Chemist Cured at Macao.

Mr. J. B. Xavier, pharmaceutical assistant at the Macao Dispensary, Macao, China, had no need to make experiments when some time ago he fell into an ansemic, debilitated condition; he knew that the finest remedy for Ansemia is Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People.

"About two years ago, as a result of pursuing my studies in addition to my business as Chemist in this hot, enervating climate, I became sick," said Mr. Xavier. "Bad headaches, dizziness, and vomiting troubled me daily; there was a dull pain in the small of my back; I grew pale and thin; felt so weak that I could hardly muster up the necessary strength to do my daily work; lost all desire for food. Vivid, horrifying dreams disturbed my sleep. I was dull and low-spirited, little things worried me, and the smallest task seemed top much trouble to do."

"When this unpleasant state of things had gone on some little time without improvement, I saw that something 'must' be done, or still 'worse' might happen; and recognising my symptoms as those of Ansemia, I, of course, decided to try the best remedy for Ansemia that I knew of, and that was Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People."

"I found that my faith was not misplaced, for after taking Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for about eight days I felt much better, and in a little while 'longer' my blood was restored to a perfectly healthy condition, and I was cured. Ever since then I have been in excellent health; my appetite is good, I sleep well, and my work is done with ease and pleasure."

"I am now as strong and healthy as ever, and I can truly say that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People are the best remedy for Ansemia I have ever known."

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Mr. Xavier, whose case is recorded above, was right in saying that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are the great remedy for Ansemia. These Pills are the most perfect blood-purifying, blood-strengthening and blood-making medicine known to Medical science, and during the past twenty years they have cured thousands of cases of Ansemia, Nervous Debility, Early Decay, and "Decline," in all parts of the world. They are the renowned remedy for Malaria, Liver Complaint, Indigestion, Rheumatism, Beri-Beri, Paralysis, disorders of the skin, such as Eczema, Scrofula, Pimples, Boils. They are also unrivalled as a specific for the special ailments which afflict so many women between youth and middle age; and men broken down by overwork, residence in unhealthy climates, or other causes, are restored by their use. Obtainable at most shops where medicines are sold, also direct from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Lavanagh Bridge, Singapore, who send 6 bottles for \$8/- or one bottle for \$1.50 post free to any address.

To Let.

TO LET.

NOS. 4, 6, & 8, LEIGHTON HILL ROAD.

Apply to—
HONGKONG AND KOWLOON LAND AND LOAN CO., LD.,
No. 8, Queen's Road West.
Hongkong, 14th January, 1908. [126]

TO LET.

A HOUSE in KNOTSFORD TERRACE, KOWLOON.

Apply to—
THE HONGKONG LAND INVESTMENT & AGENCY CO., LD.,
Hongkong, 1st March, 1908. [47]

TO LET.

CHAMBERS in No. 2, WYNDHAM STREET, late Hotel Baltimore, rent moderate.

First Floor of No. 6, QUEEN'S ROAD, Central, containing 6 Rooms and Servants' Quarters.

Apply to—
DAVID SASSOON & Co., LD.,
Hongkong, 25th February, 1908. [157]

TO LET.

ONE LARGE ROOM, with Verandah, Bath-room and Servants' Quarters; Separate entrance. Suitable for two Bachelors. Magnificent view of the Harbour.

Apply to—
"SANS SOUCI,"
19, Robinson Road.
Hongkong, 9th March, 1908. [303]

TO LET.

A HOUSE in KNOTSFORD TERRACE, KOWLOON.

No. 3, CANTON VILLAS.
Apply to—
THE HONGKONG LAND INVESTMENT & AGENCY CO., LD.,
Hongkong, 23rd March,

Intimation.



A. S. WATSON & CO., LIMITED.

THE GREAT POPULARITY

Watson's

E

VERY OLD LIQUEUR

SCOTCH

WHISKY

HAS BEEN ATTAINED BY ITS

Consistent Excellence

or

Quality.

IT IS A

PURE MALT WHISKY

or

GENUINE AGE

AND

FINE MELLOW

FLAVOUR.

Per Case - - - \$16.50

A. S. WATSON & CO., LIMITED,

WINE AND SPIRIT MERCHANTS.

ESTABLISHED A.D. 1841.

ALEXANDRA BUILDINGS.

Hongkong, 9th March, 1908.

NOTICE.

All communications intended for publication in the HONGKONG TELEGRAPH should be addressed to The Editor, 1, Lee House Road, and should be accompanied by the Writer's Name and Address.

Ordinary business communications should be addressed to The Manager.

The Editor will not undertake to be responsible for any rejected MSS., nor to return any Contribution.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES (IN ADVANCE).

DAILY - \$30 per annum.

WEEKLY - \$12 per annum.

The rates per quarter and per annum, proportional.

The daily issue is delivered free when the address is accessible to messenger. On copies sent by post an additional \$1.80 per quarter is charged for postage.

The postage on the weekly issue to any part of the world is 30 cents per quarter.

Single Copies, Daily, ten cents; Weekly, twenty-five cents.

DEATHS.

On March 17, 1908, at Mailla, CHARLES MCKENDRICK, late chief engineer China Navigation Co.'s s.s. Kwang.

On February 16, 1908, at Canonbury, London, Mrs. O. P. DAMSTRÖM, for forty years a resident of Chasfo.

On March 18, 1908, at the General Hospital, Shanghai, ARTHUR SHEWAN, aged 51 years.

The Hongkong Telegraph

HONGKONG, MONDAY, MARCH 23, 1908.

OPIUM IN SHANGHAI.

On the 20th inst. by a majority the Shanghai Ratepayers adopted the resolution that the number of licensed opium houses be reduced by one quarter from July 1, 1908, or from such other early date and in such manner as may appear advisable to the Council for 1908-9. On the 14th inst., Mr. Edward S. Little gave the Council due notice that the following amendment would be proposed to the Council's resolution on the opium question, that is to say, that the following words be added to the above resolution, namely: "And to arrange for the closing of all licensed opium houses on or before December 31, 1909, or as much earlier as practicable." It will have been seen from our special telegram of last Saturday that the amendment was negatived. The opium issue appears to have aroused considerable interest in Shanghai judging by the volume of communications printed in the columns of the Press and the petitions presented to the Municipal Council before the ratepayers' meeting on Friday. It was fully anticipated that the clerical body, obscured as it is by a narrowness of vision in all matters wherein the question of ways and means present difficulties, even to level-headed practical business men, would place obstacles in the way of a practical solution of the problem. An instance in point, out of several, is a letter addressed to the N. C. D. News

before the Shanghai ratepayers' meeting, by the Rev. Timothy Richard. The writer advances the platitude that "it is a principle amongst all governments to endeavour to rule in accordance with the public sentiment of the people," and then proceeds to assert that "It has been so in Shanghai also. As soon as public sentiment was in favour of the same amount of taxes on the Chinese as on foreigners, or in favour of public schools, recreation grounds, electric trams or any other question, the Council has always respected those wishes by acting accordingly. Now an overwhelming majority of the ratepayers who are mostly Chinese desire to close the opium dens. Nor is this all. The extraordinary public sentiment of outside and distant governments has been expressed by England through its Consul-General, by the United States through its Consul-General and by China through its Taotai; all of whom combine to bring unusually strong pressure on the Council and voters. If their wishes are respected the happiest results will follow. But if they are disregarded the Council must take the consequences of further trouble which might arise from accumulated disaffection among the Chinese ratepayers, in which case help from foreign gunboats could hardly be expected after disregarding foreign governments' wishes also." Mr. Richard is taken to task by the senior northern journal in an observation that: "It is significant of the extent to which prejudice has been allowed to override better judgment in the discussion of the opium question that such a shrewd and respected observer of matters Chinese as Dr. Timothy Richard should bring himself to use the expressions 'further trouble' and 'foreign gunboats' in connection with the subject. Nowhere throughout China had any feeling of racial antagonism been shown in regard to the suppression of opium smoking, and it is deplorable that any foreigner should be found mischievous enough to put such a thought into the minds of Chinese." There are many who would endorse the justice of the reproof. The correspondent then sought to protest against what he was pleased to term "the extraordinary interpretation" placed on his letter, and proceeded to remark: "There are two courses open to the Council and Ratepayers, viz: one that will greatly please an overwhelming majority of the Ratepayers, the other, one that will greatly alienate their feelings. Obviously each course has its inevitable and most important consequence. Let us follow the better course, and there will be no regrets." The editor pertinently retorts that neither course can possibly have the consequence that Mr. Richard unwisely hinted at against which the editorial remarks were directed. The writer used a bald statement requiring no "interpretation" either ordinary or "extraordinary." The result of the discussion should have convinced Mr. Richard and the rest of his ilk that the City Fathers are yet alive to their duties and responsibilities which have been laid down in no uncertain manner by the voting, on Friday which went to show that Shanghai's commercial community is composed of no idealistic faddists but eminently practical men who exercise common sense judgment in deliberating questions affecting the common weal of the people.

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

Mr. W. H. Tait and Governor Hughes were both guests at the St. Patrick's dinner in New York.

A DELGATION of Naval Attachés at Washington proceeds to San Francisco to study the condition of the fleet on arrival.

THE Hongkong & Shanghai Bank has just put into circulation at Peking a series of banknotes of a new pattern and very artistically executed.

ORCHARD, who turned informer in connection with the murder of Mr. Steuenberg, ex-Governor of Idaho, has been condemned to death.

Two coolies who were caught plucking flowers in the Botanic Gardens on Saturday afternoon had to pay a fine of \$5 each at the Magistracy, to-day.

ADMIRAL Robley D. Evans retires from the command of the American cruising fleet on May 8 and will be succeeded by Rear-Admiral Sperry.

A SAMPAW woman met her death by drowning in Aberdeen Bay, on Saturday afternoon. The woman was attending to some work at the stern of the boat when she slipped and fell into the water. She sank before it was possible to save her. The spot where she was seen to disappear was dragged and the body found and removed to the mortuary for burial.

The P. & O. Times states that the N.-D.L.S. *Staatsreuter Kraetke* came into collision with the C.N.S. *Tienlin* coming up river on the 14th inst. It appears that the *Tienlin* got ashore on a sand bank and while the *Kraetke* was coming ahead to pass her, she kept her propellers going, trying to force her way over the obstruction. This she succeeded in doing and taking a sheer came ahead straight for the *Kraetke's* bow. The *Kraetke* seeing the danger promptly went full speed astern, but the *Tienlin*, nevertheless, bumped her slightly, buckling one of her forward planks. Captain Lindberg was the pilot in charge of the German vessel and Captain Blavins of the *Tienlin*. A formal protest has been lodged by the *Kraetke* at the Harbour Master's office.

Cantonese Indignation.

ANTI-JAPANESE AGITATION

"A HUGE BONFIRE"

CLIMAX OF A MONSTER MEETING.

[From Our Own Correspondent.]

Canton, 21st March, 1908.

On account of the agitation prevailing among the general mass of the Chinese community here over the failure in securing the confiscation of the *Tatsu Maru*, and more particularly because of the terms of the agreement made by the officials of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs whereby the vessel was released without consulting the Canton Viceroy, another monster meeting was held yesterday at the headquarters of the Canton Self-Government Association in the Wah Lam Monastery. There was present an enormous number of people; some estimate the figure at not less than 50,000, while others say 100,000. At any rate the throng was so big that even such a large building as the temple was filled to overflowing and admission had to be refused to enormous crowds who arrived too late to secure accommodation and had to remain outside to await results. It is safe to say that never in the history of Canton, within the recollection of "the oldest inhabitant," to use a hackneyed phrase, has such a big crowd been gathered together as a result of popular agitation.

HALD DRAPED AS FOR PUBLIC MOURNING. The immense hall was draped as on the occasion of public mourning. Large white banners and streamers bearing conventional ideographs were hung in conspicuous places in the hall and the building was draped as a mark of mourning for the lost prestige of the Chinese nation.

Mr. Chan Wai-po took the chair, and over twenty gentlemen delivered speeches which were listened to with deep interest by those present. The addresses were of an inflammatory character, and were in denunciation of the weakness displayed by the Peking Government and the successful bullying attitude of the Japanese. The speakers spoke with considerable vehemence and fluency; their oratory moved the listeners to tears.

A YOUTHFUL PRODIGY.

The climax, however, was reached when a boy, about twelve years of age, mounted the platform. The boy orator delivered a speech with much force and a surprising command of language. The speech was punctuated by long and loud cheers which resounded throughout the vast building. The youngster concluded his declaration by declaring a Japanese boycott. Great patriotism was evinced by all present and the words "boycott Japanese goods" were in the mouths of all.

A SACRIFICIAL OFFERING.

While the proceedings were going on the proprietor of a foreign goods store offered to sacrifice all the Japanese goods that were in stock in his shop to be taken out to the moor, in place to be destroyed publicly. Hands were all up when the people were asked whether they would join in the boycott movement against Japanese goods to the bitter end and to attach their names to a telegram to be forwarded to Peking and other places.

IMPEACHMENT OF YUAN SHI-KAI.

After further discussion, all agreed to wire to the Central Government to urge the impeachment of Yuan Shi-kai, president of the Board of Foreign Affairs, who is held responsible for yielding to the Japanese demands and for neglect of duty in failing to secure a satisfactory conclusion to the negotiations. The meeting also agreed to wire to the gentry of Yuan's clan, in the province of Honan, requesting them to induce his family to disown him for want of patriotism towards his own country.

It was decided to petition H.E. the Viceroy of Canton not to punish Captain Ng King-wing, of the gunboat *Po Hih*, for his action in arresting the Japanese vessel and seizing the arms and ammunition. It was also determined that streamers of white cloth should be hung up in all streets and at the front of every shop, inscribed with the characters which, rendered into English, would be the equivalent of "A shameful act to be impressed on the memory."

A FORCEFUL DEMONSTRATION.

After the foregoing resolutions had been carried, many of those present looked about their persons to discover if they had any Japanese goods about them. And as if by common consent many present divested themselves of their caps, coats, handkerchiefs, and other articles of Japanese origin; others followed suit and a large quantity of material was, in a short space of time, collected. These articles were heaped in a pile and were burned in the presence of the assembly, making a huge bonfire inside the temple.

Telegrams were then drafted and despatched to different places, many signatures being attached to them. The meeting commenced at about ten o'clock in the forenoon and was not ended until 5 in the afternoon.

JAPANESE BOYCOTT EFFECTIVE.

After the above meeting, notices were found this morning for the first time posted up outside numerous foreign goods shops in Shanghai announcing that "No Japanese goods are for sale."

A SINO-JAPANESE FRICAS.

On the evening of 19th inst. a disturbance took place in Chow Tai Tsai, Honan, between a Japanese and a Chinese laundryman. It is ascertained that when the laundryman presented the Japanese his washing bill, for 50 cents, the former, instead of settling the bill, returned the laundryman a blow. Thereupon a fight ensued. The usual mob was then collected and great excitement prevailed. The police arrested the Japanese and handed him over to the Japanese Consul here. As the laundryman suffered some injury about his body, the Chinese mob attempted to attack the Japanese but his masters of Peking, who were informed through the Ministry of Foreign Affairs, sent a detachment of troops to the scene and the mob was dispersed.

order. This case will, no doubt, add more or less to the feeling against the Japanese, as the agitation over the *Tatsu Maru* case is gaining ground day by day.

AN UNWORTHY ADVERSARY.

According to the *Kohshin*, Count Okuma made some interesting and very sensible remarks with regard to the *Tatsu Maru* affair.

"I do not attach importance to the capture of the *Tatsu Maru*, he said, but public feeling appears to be greatly disturbed over the affair. With regard to the real power of China, although she is undoubtedly a large country, it hardly needs any comment from me, China can hardly be deemed worthy to be classed as an adversary from whom should be demanded restitution of honour for an insult to our flag. Is there not too much noise being made about the matter? The fault committed was entirely unpremeditated. In her eagerness to protect the safety of the State, China appears to have forgotten the rules of ordinary international etiquette. If such is the case it would be better not to go to extremes. If China remains stubborn and not amenable to reason a naval demonstration may not be altogether out of place; but prior to that there are many steps to be taken by the Kasumigasaki (Foreign Office) authorities. The Kasumigasaki people appear to be very fond of drink, and I hope that wine-drinking may be turned to some useful purpose. Diplomacy can be effected while dancing or drinking is in progress, and diplomacy need not necessarily be transacted with *Kamishimo* on, and with the national flag and honour as points of controversy between the parties directly interested. There are two kinds of diplomacy—the indirect kind and the direct kind. At present diplomatic negotiations with China are of the most difficult description. In any attitude we adopt we must be prepared to take the different Powers into consideration and not China alone. If diplomatic action is taken too light-heartedly disastrous results may follow, and if the most careful attention is not paid to all these considerations our immense trade of more than ¥200,000,000 may be entirely lost."

"The honour of the national flag of the different Powers represented in China is entirely dependent upon commercial interests, and while we are intent upon minor disputes, the grasping hand of giants may snatch away the fruits of past labours. Apparently the glory of victorious Japan seems to have been tarnished a great deal of late. The pro-Japanese Yuan Shi-kai appears to be in utter disavowal at present; and what about the recent attitude of Dr. Morrison, who has been in the habit of praising Japan so much? Not only in the correspondence for which he is directly responsible, but even in the *Times* itself curious comments are often published. The Treaty of 1905 may have been unsatisfactory, but as it has been contracted there appears to be no help for it at present. Adverse comments made on Japanese policy in Manchuria cannot be looked upon solely as the result of prejudice. It is of the utmost importance that our diplomacy should be conducted with care and tact. The power of the Chinese in co-operation is tremendous. It is true the honour of our national flag must be maintained, but the boycott of our trade by the Chinese must also be averted. The means adopted by the Foreign Office in this question of the *Tatsu Maru* ought to be promptitude and tact. Procrastination and high-handedness may prove the worst form of diplomacy at the present juncture."—*Japan Chronicle*.

THE PARIS TOILET CO., LD.

ANNUAL REPORT.

Report for presentation to the shareholders at the second general meeting to be held at the offices of the general managers, at 12.30 p.m. on Saturday, 8th March, 1908.

The general managers beg to submit to the shareholders their report on the Company's business for the thirteen months ending 31st December, 1907, with statement of accounts to that date.

Our business is now running very smoothly and we are glad to say has become very much better known as is proved by the fact that our turnover is considerably larger now than it was this time last year. Two months ago we sent out circulars stating that we had just opened a parlour for manicure and are glad to say that our receipts from this branch has justified our doing so, and we trust that it will materially increase our popularity and incidentally our profits.

The net profit for the period under review amounts to \$3,918.93 which your General Managers recommend should be appropriated as follows:—

Auditor's fee,	50.00
Pay a dividend of 10%,	1,600.00
General managers' commission,	333.43
Managers' commission,	583.58
Special bonus to Mr. Spence,	180.00
Write off preliminary expenses,	418.50
Write off furniture,	254.51
Write off Goodwill account,	340.16
Reserve for home passages,	100.00
Reserve for bad and doubtful debts,	100.00
Carried forward to 1908,	\$3,866.16
	58.82
	\$3,918.98

AUDITOR.

Mr. Edgar G. Barrett, Incorporated Accountant, has audited the accounts for the period under review, but in consequence of pressure of business does not seek re-election. The general managers recommended the election of Mr. Beattie who offers his services.

PRICY SMITH & SONS,

General Managers.

SENATOR Tillman has declared in the Senate that President Roosevelt has made a true and manly statement for the purpose of preventing some more campaign.

The Yarn Lottery.

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL COUNCIL'S ATTITUDE.

INFLUENCE OF THE SCHEME.

At the meeting of the Municipal Council at Shanghai, on the 11th inst., the attention of the Council was drawn to a note in the Yarn Market Report contained in the *North-China Daily News* of March 5, wherein it was stated that the Japan spinners had devised a plan for issuing a lottery ticket with each bale of yarn sold. The Council would regard this practice as a breach of the regulations prohibiting the sale of lottery tickets in the Settlement, and directed in the first place that Police inquiries be prosecuted in the matter.

SPECULATIONS ON THE RESULT.

The *Osaka Jiji* has obtained information from one of the officials of the Japan Cotton Spinners' Association to the effect that the issue of prize tickets on cotton yarn at Shanghai was commenced on the 1st instant, and shipments of yarn entitled to the privilege of participation in the lottery are now being registered at the Cotton Spinners' Encouragement Office. During the first ten days of this month, said this official, 5,998 bales were registered for export. The shipments made during that period without registration—thus depriving exporters from the right to participate in lottery—were also considerable, and the total shipment during the ten days is estimated at no less than 6,000 bales. If the shipments are continued at this rate, the total for March may reach 13,000 bales. Returns show that the shipment for December last amounted to 10,357 bales, and for January to 7,872 bales. During the second half of last year, only one month—October—saw the shipment of more than 18,000 bales. The result of the issue of the lottery tickets is therefore considered by the Cotton Spinners' Association to be satisfactory. Reports to hand, said the official, show that the stock of yarn which was congesting the Shanghai market was decreased by 4,000 bales as the result of the new inducement. Therefore the action taken was not so absurd as had been represented.

Commenting upon this statement, the *Osaka Asahi* says that from the result of the export for the first ten days of the month the shipment of yarn for March is estimated to reach 20,000 bales, three-fold the quantity for January last. This improvement in the shipments was not brought about by a change in the silver market, for the rate of exchange has remained lately at about 80 taels, less favourable than in October last when the rate was 70 taels, and in July and August, when it ranged between 65 and 67 taels. Can it be that the present activity of the shipments is due to the issue of the lottery scheme?

The *Asahi* replies in the negative. These shipments, it declares, have been made on speculation merely to relieve the glutted market at home where sales are most unsatisfactory. We may add, that the persistent fall in the quotations of yarn in Osaka gives no support to the view of the official in the Cotton Spinners' Association that the lottery is having a beneficial influence on the trade.—*Japan Chronicle*.

THE SCHEME IMPRACTICABLE.

According to a Tokio despatch of 17th inst., to the N. C. D. News, many Japanese spinners now propose to reduce the production, asserting that the prize system is impracticable.

STRANGE STORY FROM THE WEST.

TWO LUKONGS CHARGED WITH THEFT.

If the story which was related to one of our representatives this morning has any semblance of truth in it one can easily understand the difficulties experienced by the police inspectors to maintain anything amounting to discipline in the Force. To begin with the story. Some time yesterday afternoon two *lukongs*, attached to No. 7 Police Station, while on duty along Queen's Road West, stopped a coolie, who was carrying a sack of rice on his shoulder, and demanded that he should pay them one dollar. The coolie, naturally, asked for an explanation, and, taking this as a refusal, the *lukongs* were alleged to have assaulted the man. He was made to drop the bag of rice, and was then chased down the road. When the coolie had got out of sight the *lukongs* picked up the rice on the pretext of removing it to the station; but instead they were alleged to have disposed of it to a grocer for a dollar. The rice was valued at \$1.40. When they returned to the station an hour later they found the coolie waiting to tell his story to the inspector. They attempted to eject the man from the premises, but they failed, for at that moment Inspector Collett arrived on the scene, and on hearing the coolie's grievance he caused both *lukongs* to be arrested on a charge of theft.

They were charged at the Police Court, to-day, and remanded, bail being refused.

JAPANESE COLONIZATION.

SUBSIDIES FOR A PRIVATE COMPANY.

Tokio, March 19. An amended Bill for the payment by Japan, alone, for a period of eight years of a subsidy of ¥300,000 to Marquis Katsura's Oriental Colonization Company has been introduced before the Diet. As a practical assurance of Japan's protectorate over the operations of the Company it will undoubtedly be passed.

Debetures to the amount of ¥10,000,000 will be issued in ten separate lots, to provide capital for side-works, which will include banking and marine enterprises, and mining and manufacturing industries.—*N. C. D. News*.

SUBSCRIPTION. The N. C. D. News, 10, Queen's Road West, Hongkong, is published daily, except on Sundays and public holidays, at 7 p.m. and may be ordered from the Manager, The N. C. D. News, 10, Queen's Road West, Hongkong.

VICE-ADMIRAL LAMBTON.

OFFICIAL VISIT TO THE GOVERNOR.

H. E. Vice-Admiral the Honourable Sir Adolph Lambton, C.B., and staff comprising Flag-Commander Norris, Flag-Lieutenant Mullenbux, and Secretary Notton, paid an official visit to His Excellency the Governor at Government House this forenoon. Sir Frederick Lugard, accompanied by Capt. Taylor, D.C.O. and Mr. A. J. Brackenbury, private secretary, returned the call at noon on board the Commander-in-Chief's flagship, and was received with the customary salute of 17 guns.

A CHINA MAN'S GRIEVANCE.

ENGLISH AS SHE IS STAGGERED.

The following amusing letter was received at Police headquarters to-day. It is an appeal against a smoke nuisance, which is said to exist in Pottinger Street, and should be read with interest. It reads—

Hongkong, 21st March.
Dear Sir,—It is a common thing to anyone if he could find out those things that injured to the public to report to your Lord.

It happened in one day was walking along the Pottinger Street in this month finding that a great strong bad smelt come to my nose.

It is the smoke of the kerosene oil. At first I think that there must be some house caught fire, but after having made a clear look wishing to know where these smoke come from. Alas! When I reach off this street's mouth a matted, or wooden house, standing there for "gramophone" burning several big kerosene oil lamps there within and out up to 10 o'clock on every night.

Do you think this good for the "Public Health"? I hope you will kindly make a walk to this street your own self on night-time. And you would find, at my writing is true if you have been once there.

Trusting you will no doubt to prohibited them not to light any more oil lamps.—Yours obediently,

(Sd.) CHANG SHUI.

Such an appeal, we trust, will not go unheeded.

ON the understanding that a number of Triad Society men resided at 34, living Street, Wan Chai, Sergeant Lee, of No. 2 Police Station, raided the house last night. In a trunk in a cubicle the officer found several documents and books relating to that unlawful society. There was only one in the house at the time of the raid, and he was arrested. The accused—Lo Kwai Sing—was arraigned at the Police Court, this morning, and remanded.

A WATCHMAN named Harnam Singh sought to obtain a cheap passage to Hongkong, from Macao, yesterday, on board the steamer *Sui Tai*. Unfortunately for Harnam there was a gentleman on board at the time calling himself the "ticket collector." He approached Harnam in a nice way, and called for his fare. There was no money forthcoming, and when the *Sui Tai* arrived in Hongkong a policeman was called and Harnam given in custody. He paid a fine of \$5 at the Police Court, this morning. Harnam is now wondering whether the fares have been increased since his last trip.

WE learn from the *Nagasaki Press* that the postponed extraordinary general meeting of the Nagasaki Hotel company was held on Monday, 9th instant, at 4 p.m. at the Nagasaki Hotel, when the following resolution was proposed by Mr. Wallace:—"That the Nagasaki Hotel Company, Limited, be wound up voluntarily, and that Percy James Buckland of Nagasaki, Japan, merchant, be and he is hereby appointed liquidator for the purpose of such winding up." This was a confirmation of the resolution already passed. It was seconded by Mr. T. C. Robertson and carried without dissent.

THE dangerous practice of carrying more passengers than is allowed by their permits is still occupying the attention of the police. This morning, at the Marine Court, two boatmen and a woman were charged with the offence. The first defendant's permit allowed him to carry seven passengers, but when Lance-sergeant Jackson stopped his boat in the central railway on Saturday afternoon there was twice that number on board. The second defendant was allowed to carry eleven persons. He had on board twenty-one at the time of his arrest, whilst the woman had twenty-five in her boat. She was only permitted to carry eleven. They pleaded guilty and the Harbour Master (Comdr. Basil R.H. Taylor, R.N.) imposed a fine of \$10 each.

SHIPPING AND MAILS.

MAILS DUE.

Indian (*Lightning*) 24th inst., at daylight.
German (*Prinz Regent Luitpold*) 25th inst.
Indian (*Aravalli*) 26th inst., daylight.
Canadian (*Montague*) 27th inst.
Indian (*Namang*) 1st prox.
German (*Prinz Waldemar*) 2nd prox.

The s.s. *Rubi* left Manila on 1st inst., and is due here on 24th inst., at daylight.
The H. A. L. s.s. *Hokanzen* left Shanghai on 21st inst., p.m., and may be expected here on 24th inst., p.m.

The Java-China Japan Line s.s. *Tjibodana* left Manila for this port on 23rd inst., and may be expected here on or about the 27th inst.
The Java-China Japan Line s.s. *Tjibodana* left Molli for this port on 21st inst., and may be expected here on or about the 27th inst.

The Apsara Co.'s s.s. *Aravalli* leaves Hongkong for Yokohama and Kobe, leaving Molli on 21st inst., and may be expected here on 24th inst., at daylight.

The Imperial German Mail s.s. *Prinz Albert* will sail carrying the German Mails with date from Berlin of 16th inst., leaving Shanghai on 20th inst., at 7 p.m., and may be expected here on 23rd inst., at daylight.

The French mail of the *Indo-Chine* line will sail from Hongkong for the Continent on 24th inst., at daylight, and may be expected here on 27th inst., at daylight.

Telegrams.

(Ruler's.)

The Indian Budget.

London, 20th March.—It is estimated that the Indian Budget for 1908-1909 will show a surplus of £571,500. Owing to the famine relief it is anticipated that the 1907-1908 year will close with a surplus of £355,000, instead of £774,000 as estimated.

The Cruise of the U. S. Battleships.
Japan has invited the United States fleet to any port in Japan, and it is understood in Washington that the invitation will be accepted.

Later.

President Roosevelt, in an interview, said that he sent the Battleship fleet round the world to make Americans feel proud of their navy, and also to show other nations the strength of America.

March 21st.
It is believed in Washington that the American fleet will visit Yokohama, and an invitation is expected from China, in which case Shanghai will be visited.

Orientals in Canada.

In the Ottawa House of Commons, the Minister of the Interior stated that Japanese and Hindus will be treated alike, in regard to exclusion or deportation.

The Money Market.

In spite of the 3 per cent. Bank rate, money is not abundant, and the issue of the Grand Trunk Pacific Bonds of £2,000,000 is a total failure.

HONGKONG VOLUNTEER CORPS.

INSPECTION BY H.E. MAJOR GENERAL BRADWOOD, C.B.

Shortly after 3 o'clock on Saturday afternoon, the Hongkong Volunteers, consisting of the Artillery and the Engineers, left the Headquarters in all their martial pride and glittering accoutrements. They were preceded by the Band of the 3rd Battalion Middlesex Regiment, whose services were lent by kind permission of the officers. On arrival at the Polo Ground, the Hongkong Mounted Troop, G. 1008, were already assembled under the command of Lieut. Ross. After going through a few preliminary movements, the Companies were arranged in parade order, waiting the arrival of the Inspector-General.

The following were the officers commanding the different Companies:—Major Chapman, V.D., Commandant, Major D. Macdonald, Second-in-command, Captain Thomson, Staff Officer; No. 1 Company, Capt. Skinner; Lieut. Plummer, Lieut. Kennel, No. 2 Company, Capt. Armstrong; Lieut. Scott; Lieut. Northcote, Lieut. Wolfe, and Lieut. Blood. Engineers:—Capt. Crane, Capt. Wood and 2nd Lieut. Reynold.

Exactly at five o'clock H.E. Major-General Bradwood, accompanied by Lieut. Bonham, A.D.C., Royal Scots Greys, arrived. There was a general salute, after which the Band struck up "Seele Conquering Hero Comes." His Excellency witnessed the Troop drill first. They were made to perform different cavalry manoeuvres, which were all gone through smartly and in a soldierlike fashion. The General then turned his attention to the Artillery. The drill comprised action by two batteries, from travelling in tripod mounting, the range varying from 75 yards to 1,050 yards.

The Engineers were the last to be inspected. They had to march in Company Column, but the principal feature was the independent firing in connection with a cavalry attack.

After the inspection, Major Chapman addressed the men on behalf of Major-General Bradwood. Major Chapman, addressing the men, said that H.E. Major-General Bradwood was very pleased with the efficiency of the drills and the turnout of the men, which was 250 strong. The full report of the inspection would appear in the Corps Orders.

On return to the Headquarters, Major Chapman spoke a few words to the men. He said he would not detain them much longer. He pointed out to the men that H.E. Major-General Bradwood was very pleased with their turnout. He would also like to say a few words with regard to the proposed Infantry Company which was about to be formed, and he expected it to be 100 strong before next Camp. He requested members of the Corps to induce their friends to join the Infantry, and not the Artillery. As for the Brass Band in connection with the same, he would be obliged if those members, who were instrumentalists, would send in their names to the office. The men were then dismissed. There were no casualties.

THE WEATHER.

The following report is from Mr. F. G. Figg, Director of the Hongkong Observatory:—

On the 23rd at 11.55 a.m.—The depression has risen over the Bonins, and fallen elsewhere particularly in N. China.

A depression is moving Eastward over N. China, and the high pressure area now lies over the Pacific in the S.E. of Japan.

Light or moderate variable winds may be expected. In the Formosa Channel, and moderate monsoon over the China Sea.

Hongkong Rainfall for the 24 hours ending at 10 a.m. today, 0.00 inches.

FORECAST.

1.—Hongkong and Neighbourhood, Variable winds, light or moderate; cloudy, probably some rain.

2.—Formosa Channel, same as No. 1.

3.—South coast of China between Hongkong and Canton, same as No. 1.

4.—North coast of China between Hongkong and Tientsin, same as No. 1.

GO "DON BENNETT'S YACHT."

NEW YORK MILLIONAIRE IN HONGKONG.

Yesterday forenoon there arrived the splendid turbine yacht—the *Lytilra*—of Mr. James Gordon Bennett, proprietor of the *New York Herald* and of world-wide reputation as the commissioner of Stanley to discover Livingstone.

The *Lytilra* flies the Stars and Stripes, her home port being New York. Her net tonnage is 626, gross 1,942, and the horse power of her engines is 6,000. Her owner and Captain is Mr. James Gordon Bennett, and the distinguished party on board includes the Duc and Duchess de Cambray, the Duc d'Eboli, Baronness de Reuter and Master de Reuter, and Mr. P. Mitchell. All told, there are 102 persons aboard the *Lytilra*, the names of her officers being:—

Director, M. Favreuil.
1st Officer, E. Ellis.
2nd " F. Whiffall.
3rd " W. W. Cornwell.
4th " H. W. Mead.
Purser, R. G. Steele.
Chief Engineer, T. Hunter.
1st Asst. Engineer, J. Andrews.
2nd " D. C. Buller.
3rd " J. Wylie.
4th " W. McKay.
5th " D. A. Howie.
Electrician, W. Walker.
Wireless Operator, A. W. Dorchester.

The yacht carries two steam launches, a motor launch, five boats and two life-saving rafts. She is fitted with an installation of wireless telegraphy and it is interesting to note that on the way down the Straits she was in communication with the cruiser *Royal Arthur*, and spoke to her, without knowing where she was, a fact of which the warship naturally and cautiously enough did not wish to disclose.

The yacht left Cannes on January 29 and proceeded straight to Colombo where a stop was made for three days. A couple of days were spent at Madras and the vessel remained about an hour at Pondicherry. Then visiting the Straits Settlements, whence the yacht proceeded to the Philippines, and arrived in Hongkong yesterday. She has had a most delightful voyage out. No incident worthy of mention has occurred on the trip and every one has enjoyed the best of health.

LUZON SUGAR REFINING COMPANY, LIMITED.

ANNUAL REPORT.

The report for presentation to the shareholders at the twenty-sixth annual meeting, to be held at the offices of the general agents at 12.30 p.m., on Thursday, 26th inst., is as follows:—

The general agents beg to submit to shareholders their report on the company's business for the year 1907, with a statement of accounts to 31st December last.

The demand for the company's sugars throughout the year was insufficient to keep the Refinery working except at a reduced rate, and in consequence of the low prices ruling there was only a small margin of profit. After allowing for interest and gain in exchange the sum at debit is \$135,132.55 which is carried forward to next account.

CONSULTING COMMITTEE.

This consists of Messrs. A. G. Wood and H. P. White, who offer themselves for re-election.

AUDITOR.

The Accounts have been audited by Mr. A. R. Lowe, C.A., who offers himself for re-election.

JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd.,
General Agents.
Hongkong, 21st March, 1908.

BALANCE SHEET, 31ST DECEMBER, 1907.

Capital, 7,000 shares, of \$100 each. \$700,000.00
Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd.'s current account 212,819.05
Accounts payable 1,196.76
\$914,015.81

Assets.
Property account, as per last account \$629,642.43
Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation 33,690.03
Cash in hand 1,485.17

Raw and refined sugar, &c. 78,936.86
Coal, charcoal, stores, &c. 23,175.05
Fire insurance, unexpired premium 3,373.50
Accounts receivable 8,676.22
\$778,883.26

Profit and Loss Account.—
Loss to 31st December, 1906. \$138,523.01
Less Profit for year ending 31st December, 1907. 3,390.46
\$141,913.47

Profit and Loss Account for the year ended 31st December, 1907.
To Interest \$14,134.78
To Auditor's fee 50.00
\$14,184.78

To Balance—Profit at per balance sheet \$17,575.24
\$31,760.02

By Gain in working \$4,712.16
By Gain in exchange 12,863.08
\$7,575.24

A Tokio telegram of 17th inst. says:—M. Beau, Governor-General of French Indo-China, had an audience of the Emperor yesterday and said to him that he was going to leave for America. Mr. W. W. Rockhill, the United States Minister at Peking, passed through Yokohama yesterday and said to him that he was going to leave for America. Mr. W. W. Rockhill, the United States Minister at Peking, passed through Yokohama yesterday and said to him that he was going to leave for America.

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CORRESPONDENCE.

(We do not necessarily endorse the opinions expressed by Correspondents in this column.)

INTOLERABLE NUISANCE AT EAST POINT.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "HONGKONG TELEGRAPH."

Sir,—Being a constant reader of your most valued journal I take this opportunity of bringing to your attention the deplorable condition of that part of East Point, ranging from Arsenal Street down as far as Causeway Bay, on windy days, on account of the absence of water-carts, when the dust clouds are sometimes so thick that pedestrians have to turn their backs, or shelter their faces, when proceeding along that route in order to avoid being blinded or having their mouths filled with coal dust, not mentioning microbes, etc. It is seldom a water-cart is seen in that district and if one is seen it is generally empty and stationary, and the coolies sitting on the curbstones enjoying cigarettes. A friend of mine one day last week asked one of these coolies why East Point was neglected. Imagine his surprise he got when the coolie replied: "No can. Too much far way caught water!"

It is well-known that each water-cart is filled from a stand-pipe outside Murray Barracks and when empty has to return there to be re-filled, while, in the meantime, the roads already watered have dried-up. And this has been allowed to go on for years unheeded by a paternal Government! What about the howls made some weeks ago about the spitting nuisance? Are there not more microbes in a dust cloud than anywhere else?

If a suggestion is required, here are a few:—
(1)—Keep one water-cart for the Eastern district alone, and attach to that cart a portable pump so that when the tank goes dry they can re-fill on the spot by means of this pump from the water in the harbour, instead of journeying back to Murray Barracks.

(2)—That in case suggestion No. 1 is "too expensive," why not supply the water-cart coolies with buckets in order to re-fill on the spot?

(3)—If a water-cart is not available for the Eastern district, a gang of coolies with buckets with long spouts could promenade the praya.

These suggestions, if carried out, would not only be beneficial to the public, but would also economise in time and labour as the coolies would not have the long tramp back to Murray Barracks with an empty cart.—Yours, etc.,
AN EAST-POINTER.

Hongkong, 23rd March.

SPORTSMAN IN TROUBLE.

ALLEGED TO HAVE SHOT A LAD AT MONGKOK VILLAGE.

Ernest Lee, a contractor, residing at 47, Elgin Road, Kowloon, had a very narrow escape from receiving a mauling from a number of infuriated villagers, at Mongkok yesterday morning. It may be stated that he escaped, after serious injuries owing to the prompt arrival of assistance.

It appears that at about eleven o'clock yesterday forenoon Ernest Lee and his wife, accompanied by a couple of his friends, all being armed with sporting rifles, went out to shoot birds on the hillside above Mongkok village. While aiming at a passing bird it is alleged that Lee missed, and shot an eleven-year-old boy who was playing in the village. This Lee denies absolutely, alleging that he had never fired a shot. Be that as it may, the child's chest was sufficient evidence to show that he had been struck with gun-shot.

The boy's cries brought out his parents and they called on the other villagers when they learnt what had happened. Excitement then prevailed. Three gardeners ran up the hillside to demand an explanation. They spotted Lee standing near a tree, and rushed at him. One snatched his gun away from him, another seized him by the throat and shook him fiercely, while the third—suffice it to say that he assisted in making things rather uncomfortable for the sportsman. They struggled like that for close on five minutes when assistance arrived and Lee was removed to the Yau-mai-Po Police Station. There a charge of "assaulting one Wong Kiu with shot from a gun" was preferred against him. Lee then charged the three gardeners with assaulting him, too. They were later released on bail.

The injured lad was sent to the Government Civil Hospital for treatment. He is not in a serious condition. No gun-shot was found in his body.

The cases were called at the Police Court, this morning, and remanded until the lad is able to attend, which will be in three days time.

DEATH OF MR. ARTHUR SHEWAN.

It is with deep regret that we have to record the death, at the age of fifty-four, of Mr. Arthur Shewan, an old and esteemed resident of Shanghai, who died at the General Hospital yesterday morning, reports the *N.C.D. News* of 19th inst. He had been in hospital for a period of three months, suffering from an attack of pleurisy, but had lately showed signs of recovery and his numerous friends in the Settlement had expected to see him fit and well at an early date. Yesterday morning, however, in turning over in bed a vessel of the heart was ruptured and he died peacefully in his sleep. Mr. Shewan came out to China about thirty-three years ago and joined the firm of Turner & Co. as tea-taster. After several years' service with that firm, he became associated with the firm of Shewan & Co., in which his brother, Mr. Robert Shewan, was senior partner. Later he became one of the partners of Greaves and Co., whose firm name is now Greaves and Co., and about six years ago relinquished his interest in that business and became a shareholder in the Shewan & Co. (China) Tea Company. Mr. Shewan was always a keen sportsman. A cricket player, he always took great interest in the game, and was a member of the Hongkong Cricket Club. He was also a member of the Shanghai Cricket Club.

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To-day's Advertisements.

NOTICE.

DURING Mr. G. H. MEDHURST'S absence from the Colony, Mr. EDGAR GEORGE BARRETT is appointed MANAGER of DODWELL & Co., Ltd.

By Order of the Directors of DODWELL & Co., Ltd.
Hongkong, 23rd March, 1908. [344]

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.

FOR SHANGHAI, KOBE AND YOKOHAMA.

THE Company's Steamship "ARMAND BEHIC."

Captain Guionnet, will be despatched for the above Ports on or about MONDAY, 30th inst. For Freight or Passage, apply to J. MILLET, Agent.
Hongkong, 23rd March, 1908. [14]

YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK.

HALF-YEARLY REPORT.

On Tuesday (the 10th inst.) the fifty-sixth general meeting of the Yokohama Specie Bank was held in Yokohama, Baron Takahashi presiding. The report and accounts were unanimously approved by the shareholders.

The gross income of the Bank in the latter half 1907 was 13,891,956.34 yen of which 10,558,722 yen was brought forward from the previous account, while the total of the disbursement was 10,899,404.14 yen, thus realising a net profit of 3,033,552.18 yen. Out of this \$50,000, yen was placed in the reserve funds, 1,442,000 yen for a dividend of 12 per cent or 6 yen per share, and 1,091,552.18 yen carried to next account. The ten directors and two auditors were unanimously re-elected.

The President, after referring to the reaction on last year's business activity, said foreign trade had been in a very satisfactory state. Especially the sericultural crops were very satisfactory, about 20 per cent increase being made as compared with those of last year.

The economic condition of the Empire was progressing in a very bright and hopeful manner, when suddenly in October last a great panic took place in the American money market, which, coupled with a sudden fall of the silver rate, dealt a great blow to our foreign trade. This not only caused a large fall in silk quotations but almost put a stop to the sale of our raw silk, and toward the end of last year the stock of raw silk detained in Yokohama had reached 40,000 bales. This naturally had a pernicious effect on the export of cotton yarn to China; consequently the Japanese money market, already in a stagnant state, was greatly depressed.

In view of the fact that the American and European money markets were not likely to speedily recover and that the excess of imports over exports was no less likely to be improved, the Bank of Japan raised its interest in December. But viewing the term as a whole, it could safely be said that the Japanese money market had passed through a trying time quietly and without much serious effect. Due to the large increase of foreign trade, the principal mark of the bank, i.e. the foreign money order business, had greatly increased. The total excess of imports over exports during last year went up to 61,900,000 yen. The exports and imports of the term under review were 235,470,000 yen, which showed an increase of 33,300,000 yen in import and a decrease of 11,600,000 yen in export, with an increase of 21,697,000 yen in the total figure of foreign trade, as compared with the corresponding term of the preceding year. The decrease of export was due to the diminution of such items as cotton yarn, cotton cloth, copper, wasted yarn, habutai silk handkerchiefs, etc.; and the increase of the import was attributable to an enlarged demand for machinery, iron goods, oil cake, cotton, etc., though the import of such goods as sugar and woollen goods had markedly decreased. The bullion exported during the half year amounted to 10,340,000 yen against the import of 5,240,010 yen, thus making an overflow of bullion up to 5,100,000 yen. Turning to the economic condition of Oriental countries Baron Takahashi observed that the great fall of silver in India due to a series of unavoidable causes, produced bad consequences on the Hongkong, Shanghai, Tientsin and other markets causing the collapse of many large commercial concerns.

The President, after referring to the reaction on last year's business activity, said foreign trade had been in a very satisfactory state. Especially the sericultural crops were very satisfactory, about 20 per cent increase being made as compared with those of last year.

The economic condition of the Empire was progressing in a very bright and hopeful manner, when suddenly in October last a great panic took place in the American money market, which, coupled with a sudden fall of the silver rate, dealt a great blow to our foreign trade. This not only caused a large fall in silk quotations but almost put a stop to the sale of our raw silk, and toward the end of last year the stock of raw silk detained in Yokohama had reached 40,000 bales. This naturally had a pernicious effect on the export of cotton yarn to China; consequently the Japanese money market, already in a stagnant state, was greatly depressed.

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TRADE-MARK PIRACY

THE RECENT SPEECH OF MR. MATSUOKA.

The renewed discussion which is taking place both in Europe and in the Far East concerning the practice of the infringement of Japanese trade-marks recalls the speeches made some weeks ago by Mr. Nakamatsu, the new Director of the Patent Office, and Mr. Matsuoka, the Minister of Agriculture and Commerce, on the occasion of a dinner given to the officials of the Department of Agriculture and Commerce and of the Patent Office.

In the course of his speech Mr. Nakamatsu said: "There are no national boundaries in commerce and industry, and in giving protection to industrial property we should never make any distinction between Japanese subjects and foreigners. We are also bound not to make such distinction by our treaties with the various Powers and by the International Convention for the Protection of Industrial Property of which we are members. But on several occasions it has been shown that foreigners are not satisfied with the Japanese administration. We often hear of their complaints regarding imitation of their trade-marks by the Japanese in Japan and China. But these complaints are partly due to a misunderstanding of our intentions on the part of foreigners. The intention of the Japanese Patent Office is to give protection to the right owners of industrial property. It never makes any distinction between Japanese and foreigners, and never gives one treatment to one and another treatment to the other. This misunderstanding must be removed, and we must do everything in our power for this purpose, for without removing it commercial and industrial prosperity cannot be hoped for."

Mr. Matsuoka, Minister for Agriculture and Commerce, made some remarks of great importance. He said: "It gives me great satisfaction to hear from the host of this evening sentiments with which I so perfectly agree. The importance of business morality is a subject which always fills my thoughts. It is the only foundation upon which national wealth can be built. However, shrewd a man may be and whatever capital he may command, if he lacks this quality, he will never be able to make a real success in business. And how can a country, the morality of whose traders and manufacturers is of a low standard, expect prosperity in her commerce and industries? Among our business men, I am sorry to say, there are some who do not pay sufficient respect to this most important principle and who by their dishonest conduct are bringing discredit upon their country. They are acting under a mistaken notion that as the object of commercial and industrial activities is to make profits, any means to achieve this object are legitimate whether they be fair or foul. Thus they do not hesitate to imitate foreign products, or to steal foreign trade-marks. Such unscrupulous conduct must be strictly prohibited, and measures must be taken to promote the credit of our business men. The business of the Patent Office has a close connection with the subject; especially in the protection of trade-marks. In the discharge of their duties the officials of the Patent Office must, therefore, act most carefully and impartially, and not content with the mere working of the law, they must enter into its spirit of giving protection to rightful owners. It will not do to accept an application merely on the ground that it is not against the law, but they must also be convinced of the perfect propriety of the application. For there may be among many applicants some who, devoid of all moral sense, attempt to pass through the meshes of the network of the law. If such applicants are encouraged the interests of rightful owners will be endangered contrary to the spirit of the law, and business morality, instead of being raised, will be lowered. For example, here is a well-established foreign trade-mark, and suppose a person, taking advantage of the mark not being registered in Japan, has applied for its registration in his own name. In such a case, it is my opinion that the application should not be accepted. If the fact cannot be ascertained, it cannot be helped; but with due diligence such dishonest practices in many cases can be detected. Since the late war the standing of Japan among the Powers has been greatly raised, and the world keeps a keen eye upon all our actions. It is now high time to take measures to raise the moral standard of our business men, and to put a stop to all dishonest dealings; and in this endeavour the Patent Office must necessarily take a prominent part. As the saying is, things are most active when they are new, and it is my sincere desire that the new Director should introduce reforms into his office following the line adopted by his predecessors, and carry out his plans as embodied in the speech he has just now given."—*Japan Chronicle*.

Kaga Maru, Jap. s.s., 3,007 G. Laprak, 22nd Mar., Seattle, Wash., U.S.A., 18th Feb., and Shanghai 19th Mar. Flour and Gen.—N. Y. K.
Loongang, Br. s.s., 3,050 S. J. Payne, 22nd Mar., Manila 20th Mar. Gen.—J. M. & Co.
Lysitrate Am. yacht, 3,000 J. G. Bennett, 22nd Mar., Manila 19th Mar.
Amiga, Ger. s.s., 821, Frondsen, 22nd Mar., Hapong 18th Mar., and Hoihow 20th, Rice, Pigs and Gen.—J. & Co.
Korea, Am. s.s., 5,651, S. Sandberg, 23rd Mar., San Francisco 25th Feb., and Shanghai 20th Mar., Mails and Gen.—P. M. S. S. Co.
Wingsang, Br. s.s., 1,517, D. King, 23rd Mar., Canton 22nd Mar., Gen.—J. M. & Co.
Tjinhai, Dut. s.s., 2,449, I. N. Bonnam, 23rd Mar., Shanghai 19th Mar., Gen.—J. C. J. L.

Shoshu Maru, Jap. s.s., 5,614, M. Nemoto, 23rd Mar., Swatow 22nd Mar., Gen.—O. S. C. German, Ger. s.s., 1,713, H. Lorenzen, 23rd Mar., Penang 12th Mar., Gen.—J. & Co.
Chip Shing, Br. s.s., 1,199, F. Mooney, 23rd Mar., Canton 22nd Mar., Gen.—J. M. & Co.

Clearances at the Harbour Office.

Amara, for Swatow.
Hellas, for Canton.
Dingy, for Canton.
Dryad, for Swatow.
Hellas, for Swatow.
Pera, for Shanghai.
Chitshing, for Swatow.
Yedo Maru, for Keelung.
Indradawadi, for Shanghai.
Bellerophon, for Saigon.
Patroclus, for Singapore.

Departures
Mar. 22.
Ceylon, for Shanghai.
Nette, for Tientsin.
Frisia, for Bangkok.
Yedou Maru, for Shanghai.
Lousier Castle, for Takao.
Jashin Maru, for Swatow.
Dagui, for Cheloo.
Kintzberg, for Quong-chow wan.
Kueichow, for Canton.
Hansung, for Canton.

Mar. 23.
Siam-ley, for Durban.
Paoting, for Shanghai.

Passengers arrived.
Per Kaga Maru, from Shanghai—Mr. Wilson.
Per Patroclus, from Shanghai—1,767 Chinese.

Per Hattian, from Coast Ports—Mr. Fries, and 380 Chinese.
Per Korea, from San Francisco, &—Mrs. H. B. May, Dr. Barker, Messrs. J. S. Gopple, F. A. Hollabaugh, J. S. Harrison, W. D. Hazleton, F. P. Hooper, S. T. Kong, Miss Lora Kirk, Messrs. M. P. Lawrence, W. D. Long, J. B. Manning, Dr. W. A. McVean, Miss Warren Miller, Mr. and Mrs. F. Miller, Miss Miller, Messrs. C. E. Nathorst, D. E. Newell, Luther Parker, William Parker, Miss Elizabeth Parker, Messrs. N. E. Payne, F. C. Repide, Mrs. H. B. Rogers, Messrs. H. Seville, C. E. Wagner, Mrs. E. F. Woodward, Misses Bess Woodward, Irma Woodward, Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Michaels, Mr. and Mrs. Geo. E. Wolf, Miss L. G. McVean, Mrs. B. F. McGuire, Miss J. T. Goodrich, Messrs. C. C. Beach, Chang Kee Chuen, L. W. Blumenthal, T. E. Taylor, O. Kirmse, W. E. Hull, Miss M. Joseph, H. W. Brandy, M. Sykes, Mrs. J. C. Gritt, Mr. N. C. Home and servant, Mrs. J. B. Fearn, Messrs. H. W. Johnson, S. W. Wolf, and 257 Chinese.
Per Loongang, from Manila—Mrs. Hogg, amah and 2 children, and Mr. Kilborne.

Passengers departed.
Per Ceylon, for Shanghai—Rev. P. Robert, and Mr. R. C. Dodd, for Kobe—Mr. and Mrs. Thouroude, Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Sutton, Miss Wells, Mr. Maharez Kumar Coosh Behar, Capt. H. D. White, Mr. Fano, Mr. and Mrs. Laidley, Mr. and Mrs. Wells, Mr. F. Flantini, Mr. J. Jupta.

Shipping Reports.
Str. Nord, from Singapore—Fresh breeze and fine.
Str. Korea, from San Francisco via Ports—Weather fine throughout.

Str. Tjinhai, from Shanghai—Moderate to fresh N.E. wind, moderate sea.
Str. Tingsang, from Wuhu—Fresh N.E. monsoon moderate sea, overcast dull weather.

Str. Hattian, from Foochow to Amoy—Strong N.E. monsoon heavy seas and clear weather; Amoy to Swatow—Strong N.E. monsoon heavy seas and clear weather; Swatow to Hongkong—Light Ely winds and heavy swell.

VESSELS IN PORT.

Arrivals.
Nord, Br. s.s., 1,100, Pryon, 21st Mar., Singapore 19th Mar., Kerosine Oil—Order.
Pera, Br. s.s., 4,916, W. W. Cooke, R.N.R., 21st Mar., from Singapore, Gen.—P. & O. N. Co.
Hattian, Br. s.s., 1,183, J. S. Ranch, 22nd Mar., Foochow 19th Mar., Amoy 20th, and Swatow 21st, Gen.—D. L. & Co.
Patroclus, Br. s.s., 3,547, W. Bevan, 22nd Mar., Shanghai 19th Mar., Gen.—B. & S.
Indradawadi, Br. s.s., 2,600, W. G. Gilchrist, 22nd Mar., New York 23rd Jan., Gen.—J. M. & Co.
Tingsang, Br. s.s., 1,045, E. M. Reynolds, 22nd Mar., Wuhu 17th Mar., Rice—J. M. & Co.
Yedo Maru, Jap. s.s., 3,207, J. Hamada, 22nd Mar., Rangoon 3rd Mar., Rice—Wallem & Co.
Frisia, Nor. s.s., 2,010, O. Andersen, 22nd Mar., Saigon 17th Mar., Rice—Agard, Thorsen & Co.
Mallin Koon, Ger. s.s., 1,845, M. Dillberg, 22nd Mar., Newport, 20th Jan., Coal—J. & Co.
Hellas, Ger. s.s., 1,416, O. Sack, 22nd Mar., Hongkong 19th Mar., Coal—H. A. L.

Departures.
Loongang, Br. s.s., 3,050, S. J. Payne, 22nd Mar., Manila 20th Mar., Gen.—J. M. & Co.
Lysitrate Am. yacht, 3,000 J. G. Bennett, 22nd Mar., Manila 19th Mar.
Amiga, Ger. s.s., 821, Frondsen, 22nd Mar., Hapong 18th Mar., and Hoihow 20th, Rice, Pigs and Gen.—J. & Co.
Korea, Am. s.s., 5,651, S. Sandberg, 23rd Mar., San Francisco 25th Feb., and Shanghai 20th Mar., Mails and Gen.—P. M. S. S. Co.
Wingsang, Br. s.s., 1,517, D. King, 23rd Mar., Canton 22nd Mar., Gen.—J. M. & Co.
Tjinhai, Dut. s.s., 2,449, I. N. Bonnam, 23rd Mar., Shanghai 19th Mar., Gen.—J. C. J. L.

Shoshu Maru, Jap. s.s., 5,614, M. Nemoto, 23rd Mar., Swatow 22nd Mar., Gen.—O. S. C. German, Ger. s.s., 1,713, H. Lorenzen, 23rd Mar., Penang 12th Mar., Gen.—J. & Co.
Chip Shing, Br. s.s., 1,199, F. Mooney, 23rd Mar., Canton 22nd Mar., Gen.—J. M. & Co.

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Hellas, for Canton.
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Dryad, for Swatow.
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Nette, for Tientsin.
Frisia, for Bangkok.
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Lousier Castle, for Takao.
Jashin Maru, for Swatow.
Dagui, for Cheloo.
Kintzberg, for Quong-chow wan.
Kueichow, for Canton.
Hansung, for Canton.

Mar. 23.
Siam-ley, for Durban.
Paoting, for Shanghai.

Manila, Ger. s.s., 1,817, J. Minson, 8th Mar., Sydney 11th Feb., and Manila 5th Mar., Gen.—M. & Co.
Mathilde, Ger. s.s., 3,311, A. Ullmann, 20th Mar., Hapong 18th Mar., and Hoihow 20th Mar., Gen.—J. & Co.
Maunang, Br. s.s., 1,544, R. Houghton, 19th Mar., Sandakan 13th Mar., Timber—J. M. & Co.
Michael, Japen, Ger. s.s., 951, H. Hendixen, 19th Mar., Bangkok 12th Mar., Rice—J. & Co.
Myrtledene, Br. s.s., 1,817, J. Minson, 8th Mar., Sydney 11th Feb., and Manila 5th Mar., Gen.—M. & Co.
Nicomedia, Ger. s.s., 4,364, P. Wapmann, 20th Mar., Portland, Or. 11th Feb., Gen.—J. & A. S. S. Co.
Persia, Br. s.s., 2,744, A. Dixon, 11th Jan., San Francisco 7th Dec., and Portland, Or. 15th Feb., Gen.—O. S. S. Co.
Pheumpeh, Br. s.s., 1,065, J. H. Scott, 20th Mar., Saigon 15th Mar., Rice and Meal—Chinese.
Phuyen, Fr. s.s., 1,299, Bouissou, 20th Mar., Saigon 15th Mar., Paddy and Cotton—B. & Co.
Pocahontas, Br. s.s., 1,721, Cox, 20th Mar., Manila 17th Mar., Ballast—C. M. S. S. Co.
Prometheus, Br. s.s., 1,533, G. Moir, 21st Mar., Singapore 15th Mar., Gen.—B. & S.
Quarta, Ger. s.s., 1,145, H. Madsen, 16th Mar., Singapore 14th Mar., Sugar and Gen.—J. C. J. L.

Shantung, Br. s.s., 1,835, Scott, 19th Mar., Pasacorao 8th Mar., Sugar—B. & S.
Singan, Br. s.s., 1,047, F. Jamieson, 20th Mar., Hapong and Hoihow 19th Mar., Rice and Gen.—B. & S.
Stettin, Br. s.s., 1,396, Farrell, 18th Feb., Singapore 20th Feb., Kerosine—Mr. Geo. McCall.

Store Nordde, Dan. s.s., 831, H. C. A. Petersen, 9th Mar., Shanghai 5th Mar., Ballast—G. N. S. Co. Ltd.
Suizang, Br. s.s., 1,276, W. D. Welsh, 18th Mar., Penang 7th Mar., and Singapore 9th, Gen.—J. M. & Co.

Tenn, Br. s.s., 1,346, Outerbridge, 20th Mar., Manila 17th Mar., Gen.—B. & S.
Triumph, C. s.s., 769, J. Bendixen, 20th Mar., Kin Hon 16th Mar., Rice and Gen.—J. & Co.

Yahiko Maru, Jap. s.s., 3,304, G. Semita, 21st Mar., Moji 15th Mar., Coal—Mr. Atake.

DOCK RETURNS.

HONGKONG AND WHAMPOA DOCKS.
Neil McLeod, at Kowloon Dock.
Sorsogon, " " " "
Loyal, " " " "
Machew, " " " "
H.M.S. Fawc, " " " "
H.M.S. Waterwitch, " " " "
Kwong Sai, " " " " Cosmopolitan.

CHINA COAST METEOROLOGICAL REGISTER.
March 21st, 1968, a.m.
Bar. Th. Hu. Wind. Wt.

Vladivostok, 7 a.m., 29.61, —, NW, 6, —
Nemuro, 7 a.m., 29.61, —, NW, 6, —
Hakodate, 7 a.m., 29.61, —, NW, 6, —
Tokio, 7 a.m., 29.61, —, NW, 6, —
Kochi, 7 a.m., 29.61, —, NW, 6, —
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Guthrie, 7 a.m., 29.61, —, NW, 6, —
Sharp Peak, 7 a.m., 29.61, —, NW, 6, —
Amoy, 7 a.m., 29.61, —, NW, 6, —
Swatow, 7 a.m., 29.61, —, NW, 6, —
Taichow, 7 a.m., 29.61, —, NW, 6, —
Tientsin, 7 a.m., 29.61, —, NW, 6, —
Kobe, 7 a.m., 29.61, —, NW, 6, —
Kansai, 7 a.m., 29.61, —, NW, 6, —
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Canton, 7 a.m., 29.61, —, NW, 6, —
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Labuan, 7 a.m., 29.61, —, NW, 6, —

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Swatow, 7 a.m., 29.61, —, NW, 6, —
Taichow, 7 a.m., 29.61, —, NW, 6, —
Tientsin, 7 a.m., 29.61, —, NW, 6, —
Kobe, 7 a.m., 29.61, —, NW, 6, —
Kansai, 7 a.m., 29.61, —, NW, 6, —
Pescadore, 7 a.m., 29.61, —, NW, 6, —
Canton, 7 a.m., 29.61, —, NW, 6, —
Hongkong, 7 a.m., 29.61, —, NW, 6, —
Victoria Peak, 7 a.m., 29.61, —, NW, 6, —
Gap Rock, 7 a.m., 29.61, —, NW, 6, —
Macao, 7 a.m., 29.61, —, NW, 6, —
Hoihow, 7 a.m., 29.61, —, NW, 6, —
Pakhoi, 7 a.m., 29.61, —, NW, 6, —
Phu Lien, 7 a.m., 29.61, —, NW, 6, —
Touane, 7 a.m., 29.61, —, NW, 6, —
C. S. James, 7 a.m., 29.61, —, NW, 6, —
Apari, 7 a.m., 29.61, —, NW, 6, —
Vanilla, 7 a.m., 29.61, —, NW, 6, —
Legaspi, 7 a.m., 29.61, —, NW, 6, —
Hacolod, 7 a.m., 29.61, —, NW, 6, —
Iloilo, 7 a.m., 29.61, —, NW, 6, —
Cebu, 7 a.m., 29.61, —, NW, 6, —
Labuan, 7 a.m., 29.61, —, NW, 6, —

March 23rd, 1968, a.m.
Vladivostok, 7 a.m., 29.61, —, NW, 6, —
Nemuro, 7 a.m., 29.61, —, NW, 6, —
Hakodate, 7 a.m., 29.61, —, NW, 6, —
Tokio, 7 a.m., 29.61, —, NW, 6, —
Kochi, 7 a.m., 29.61, —, NW, 6, —
Nagasaki, 7 a.m., 29.61, —, NW, 6, —
Osaka, 7 a.m., 29.61, —, NW, 6, —
Shanghai, 7 a.m., 29.61, —, NW, 6, —
Naha, 7 a.m., 29.61, —, NW, 6, —
Chefoo, 7 a.m., 29.61, —, NW, 6, —
Weihaiwei, 7 a.m., 29.61, —, NW, 6, —
Hankow, 7 a.m., 29.61, —, NW, 6, —
Kwangtung, 7 a.m., 29.61, —, NW, 6, —
Shanghai, 7 a.m., 29.61, —, NW, 6, —
Guthrie, 7 a.m., 29.61, —, NW, 6, —
Sharp Peak, 7 a.m., 29.61, —, NW, 6, —
Amoy, 7 a.m., 29.61, —, NW, 6, —
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March 23rd, 1968, a.m.
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C. S. James, 7 a.m., 29.61, —, NW, 6, —
Apari, 7 a.m., 29.61, —, NW, 6, —
Vanilla, 7 a.m., 29.61

SHARE QUOTATIONS.

Supplied by Messrs. E. S. Kadoorie & Co. Corrected to noon; later alterations given under "Commercial Intelligence" page 5.

STOCKS.	NO. OF SHARES.	VALUE.	PAID UP.	POSITION AS PER LAST REPORT RESERVE.	AT WORKING ACCOUNT.	LAST DIVIDEND.	APPROXIMATE DIVIDEND AT PRESENT QUOTATION BASED ON LAST YEAR'S DIV.	CLOSING QUOTATIONS.
BANKS.								
Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation	127,000	\$125	\$125	\$1,500,000 \$1,500,000 \$1,500,000	\$2,000,387	Final of £2 on old, and £1.10/- on new shares for 4-year ending 31.12.07	5 1/2 %	\$395 London £75.10/-
National Bank of China, Limited	9,025	£7	£6	\$1,275 \$1,275 \$1,275	\$71,293	\$2 (London 5/6) for 1907	—	\$51
MARINE INSURANCES.								
Canton Insurance Office, Limited	10,000	£250	£50	\$1,500,000 \$1,500,000 \$1,500,000	none	\$20 for 1906	8 1/2 %	\$240
North China Insurance Company, Limited	10,000	£15	£5	\$1,500,000 \$1,500,000 \$1,500,000	Tls. 204,474	Final of 7/16 per share making in all 15/- for 1906—Tls. 2.65	6 %	Tls. 83 sellers
Union Insurance Society of Canton, Limited	12,400	£250	\$100	\$3,000,000 \$3,000,000 \$3,000,000	11,400,400	Final of \$22 making \$44 for 1905 and interim of \$30 for 1906	5 %	\$840 sales
Yangtze Insurance Association, Limited	8,000	£100	£50	\$1,500,000 \$1,500,000 \$1,500,000	\$394,520	\$12 for year ending 31.12. 5	—	{ \$524 buyers \$140 buyers
Do. (new)	4,000	\$100	\$50	\$1,500,000 \$1,500,000 \$1,500,000	—	\$6 and bonus \$2 for 1906	9 %	189
FIRE INSURANCES.								
China Fire Insurance Company, Limited	10,000	\$100	\$20	\$1,500,000 \$1,500,000 \$1,500,000	\$172,432	\$27 for 1906	9 %	\$300
Hongkong Fire Insurance Company, Limited	8,000	\$250	\$50	\$1,500,000 \$1,500,000 \$1,500,000	\$428,027	\$11 for 1906	—	\$12
SHIPPING.								
China and Manila Steamship Company, Limited	10,000	\$25	\$25	\$1,500,000 \$1,500,000 \$1,500,000	Nil.	\$4 for year ending 30. 1907	10 %	\$40
Douglas Steamship Company, Limited	10,000	\$50	\$50	\$1,500,000 \$1,500,000 \$1,500,000	116,437	\$12 for 2nd half-year making in all \$24 for year ending 31.12.07	7 1/2 %	\$29 sa. and b.
Hongkong, Canton & Whampoa Steamship Co., Ltd.	10,000	\$15	\$15	\$1,500,000 \$1,500,000 \$1,500,000	63,694	\$1 for 1906 @ ex 2 1/2 = \$2.50 per share	3 1/2 %	\$39 \$27
Indo-China Steam Navigation Co., Ltd. (Preferred)	60,000	£5	£5	\$1,500,000 \$1,500,000 \$1,500,000	174,510	Final of Tls. 1 1/2 making Tls. 3 1/2 for 1907	7 1/2 %	Tls. 45 sellers
Do. (Deferred)	60,000	£5	£5	\$1,500,000 \$1,500,000 \$1,500,000	172,370	Interim of 1/- (Coupon No. 8) for a/c 1907	4 1/2 %	Tls. 49 sellers
Shanghai Tug and Lighter Company, Limited	200,000	Tls. 50	Tls. 50	\$1,500,000 \$1,500,000 \$1,500,000	172,370	{ \$1.00 for year ending 30.4.1907 \$0.50	{ 3 1/2 % 3 1/2 %	\$28 buyers \$14 buyers
"Shell" Transport and Trading Company, Limited	10,000	\$10	\$10	\$1,500,000 \$1,500,000 \$1,500,000	18,730	Final of Tls. 2 making Tls. 6 for 1906	2 1/2 %	Tls. 47 buyers
Star Ferry Company, Limited	10,000	\$10	\$10	\$1,500,000 \$1,500,000 \$1,500,000	—	\$8 for year ending 31.12.06	—	\$110 buyers
REFINERIES.								
China Sugar Refining Company, Limited	20,000	\$100	\$100	\$1,500,000 \$1,500,000 \$1,500,000	10,218	\$1.10 for 1907	—	\$15 sales
Luzon Sugar Refining Company, Limited	7,000	\$100	\$100	\$1,500,000 \$1,500,000 \$1,500,000	8,935	Tls. 4 (8 %) for year ending 31.8.06	5 %	Tls. 80 sellers
Perak Sugar Cultivation Company, Limited	7,000	Tls. 50	Tls. 50	\$1,500,000 \$1,500,000 \$1,500,000	—	Final of 1/6 (No. 9) for 1907	7 1/2 %	Tls. 14 buyers
MIXING.								
Chinese Engineering and Mining Company, Ltd.	1,000,000	£1	£1	\$1,500,000 \$1,500,000 \$1,500,000	£11,358	No. 12 of 1/- = 48 cents	—	\$8 sa. and b.
Raub Australian Gold Mining Company, Limited	50,000	£1	£1	\$1,500,000 \$1,500,000 \$1,500,000	—	\$1.75 for year ending 31.12.06	—	\$14
DOCKS, WHARVES & GODOWNS.								
Fenwick (Geo.) & Co., Limited	18,000	\$25	\$25	\$1,500,000 \$1,500,000 \$1,500,000	\$3,726	Final of \$1 1/2 making \$3 1/2 for 1907	6 1/2 %	\$53 sales
Hongkong & Kowloon Wharf and Godown Co., Ltd.	63,000	\$50	\$50	\$1,500,000 \$1,500,000 \$1,500,000	\$3,556	Final of \$4 making \$8 for 1907	8 %	\$98
Hongkong and Whampoa Dock Company, Ltd.	50,000	\$50	\$50	\$1,500,000 \$1,500,000 \$1,500,000	\$441,442	Interim of Tls. 2 1/2 for six months ending 31st October, 1907	7 1/2 %	Tls. 80
Shanghai Dock and Engineering Co., Ltd.	55,700	Tls. 100	Tls. 100	\$1,500,000 \$1,500,000 \$1,500,000	15,104,599	Interim of Tls. 8 for account 1907	8 1/2 %	Tls. 214 buyers
Shanghai and Hongkew Wharf Company, Limited	30,000	Tls. 100	Tls. 100	\$1,500,000 \$1,500,000 \$1,500,000	23,117	Final of 1907	6 %	Tls. 100
LANDS, HOTELS & BUILDINGS.								
Anglo-French Land Investment Co., Ltd.	25,000	Tls. 100	Tls. 100	\$1,500,000 \$1,500,000 \$1,500,000	Tls. 6,531	\$2 1/2 for year ending 30.6.07	10 %	\$22 1/2 buyers
Astor House Hotel Company, Limited (Shanghai)	10,000	\$25	\$25	\$1,500,000 \$1,500,000 \$1,500,000	\$10,908	\$1.80 for 1906	—	\$12
Central Stores, Limited	50,123	\$15	\$15	\$1,500,000 \$1,500,000 \$1,500,000	20,178	Final of 3 1/2 making \$7 1/2 for 1907	7 1/2 %	£98
Hongkong Hotel Company, Limited	12,000	\$50	\$50	\$1,500,000 \$1,500,000 \$1,500,000	1252	{ Final of \$3 1/2 making in all \$7 for year ending 31.12.07 70 cents for 1907	{ 7 % 7 %	\$100 sellers \$10 sa. and b.
Hongkong Land Investment and Agency Co., Ltd.	10,000	\$100	\$100	\$1,500,000 \$1,500,000 \$1,500,000	\$3,501	\$1 1/2 for 1907	7 %	\$25
Humphreys Estate & Finance Company, Limited	150,000	\$10	\$10	\$1,500,000 \$1,500,000 \$1,500,000	\$4,621	Final of Tls. 3 and bonus of Tls. 2 making in all Tls. 5 for 1907	7 1/2 %	Tls. 100 sales
Kowloon Land and Building Company, Limited	6,000	\$50	\$50	\$1,500,000 \$1,500,000 \$1,500,000	1653	Final of \$2.10 making in all \$4.10 for year ending 31.12.07	8 1/2 %	\$46 buyers
Shanghai Land Investment Company, Limited	78,000	Tls. 50	Tls. 50	\$1,500,000 \$1,500,000 \$1,500,000	Tls. 107,517	Final of 1907	7 1/2 %	Tls. 100 sales
West Point Building Company, Limited	7,500	\$50	\$50	\$1,500,000 \$1,500,000 \$1,500,000	\$1,541	Final of 1907	8 1/2 %	\$46 buyers
COTTON MILLS.								
Ewo Cotton Spinning and Weaving Company, Ltd.	15,000	Tls. 50	Tls. 50	\$1,500,000 \$1,500,000 \$1,500,000	Tls. 8,807	Tls. 2 1/2 for year ended 31.10.1907	4 1/2 %	Tls. 51 sales
Hongkong Cotton Spinning, Weaving and Dyeing Company, Limited	15,000	\$10	\$10	\$1,500,000 \$1,500,000 \$1,500,000	\$14,269	50 cents for year ending 31.7.07	5 1/2 %	\$9 buyers
International Cotton Manufacturing Company, Ltd.	10,000	Tls. 75	Tls. 75	\$1,500,000 \$1,500,000 \$1,500,000	Tls. 85,519	Tls. 5 for year ended 30.9.06 (8 %)	—	Tls. 55 sellers
Laon-kung-mow Cotton Spinning & Weaving Co., Ltd.	8,000	Tls. 100	Tls. 100	\$1,500,000 \$1,500,000 \$1,500,000	none	Tls. 8 for 1906	—	Tls. 75
Soy Chee Cotton Spinning Company, Limited	2,000	Tls. 500	Tls. 500	\$1,500,000 \$1,500,000 \$1,500,000	Tls. 28,257	Tls. 50 for 1906	—	Tls. 270
MISCELLANEOUS.								
Bell's Asbestos Eastern Agency, Limited	8,504	12 1/2	12 1/2	\$1,500,000 \$1,500,000 \$1,500,000	£628	1 1/2 per share for 1906	9 %	\$7 1/2
China-Borneo Company, Limited	60,000	\$12	\$12	\$1,500,000 \$1,500,000 \$1,500,000	Nil.	\$1 for 1906	—	\$11 1/2
China Flour Mill Co., Limited	4,000	Tls. 50	Tls. 50	\$1,500,000 \$1,500,000 \$1,500,000	Tls. 5,995	Final of Tls. 5 making Tls. 10 for 1905	—	Tls. 48 buyers
China Light and Power Company, Limited	50,000	\$10	\$10	\$1,500,000 \$1,500,000 \$1,500,000	\$25,000	60 cents for year ended 28.2.06	—	\$51
Do. Do. special shares	50,000	\$10	\$10	\$1,500,000 \$1,500,000 \$1,500,000	\$3,593	80 cents for 1907	9 %	\$9 sales
China Provident Loan & Mortgage Company, Ltd.	125,000	\$10	\$10	\$1,500,000 \$1,500,000 \$1,500,000	—	\$1.30 for year ending 31.7.07	7 1/2 %	\$17 1/2
Dairy Farm Company, Limited	25,000	\$7 1/2	\$6	\$1,500,000 \$1,500,000 \$1,500,000	\$2,074	Interim of 50 cents per share for a/c 1907	8 1/2 %	\$11 1/2
Green Island Cement Company, Limited	400,000	\$10	\$10	\$1,500,000 \$1,500,000 \$1,500,000	\$10,804	\$2 1/2 for year ending 28.2.07	9 1/2 %	\$24 sellers
Hall & Holt, Limited	21,000	\$20	\$20	\$1,500,000 \$1,500,000 \$1,500,000	\$15,002	1 per share for year ending 28.2.07	6 1/2 %	\$15
Hongkong Electric Company, Limited	60,000	\$10	\$10	\$1,500,000 \$1,500,000 \$1,500,000	\$2,955	Final of \$15 making in all \$19 for 1907	8 1/2 %	\$225
Hongkong Ice Company, Limited	5,000	\$25	\$25	\$1,500,000 \$1,500,000 \$1,500,000	\$4,578	Interim of 80 cents per share for a/c 1907	8 1/2 %	\$26 sales
Hongkong Rope Manufacturing Company, Ltd.	50,000	\$10	\$10	\$1,500,000 \$1,500,000 \$1,500,000	\$4,212	Interim of Tls. 10 for 1st quarter	7 1/2 %	Tls. 440 b. ex d.
Maatschappij tot Exploitatie van Landbouwen- phakten in Langkat, Limited	25,000	Gs. 100	Gs. 100	\$1,500,000 \$1,500,000 \$1,500,000	Tls. 27,127	\$1 per sh. for period from 10th Oct. to 30th Apr. 07	8 %	\$13 1/2
Peak Tramways Company, Limited	25,000	\$10	\$10	\$1,500,000 \$1,500,000 \$1,500,000	\$2,655	None	—	\$7 1/2 buyers
Peak Tramways Company (new)	25,000	\$10	\$10	\$1,500,000 \$1,500,000 \$1,500,000	Nil.	Interim of Tls. 3 1/2 for account 1907	—	Tls. 107 buyers
Philippines Company, Limited	75,000	\$10	\$10	\$1,500,000 \$1,500,000 \$1,500,000	—	Tls. 4 for 1905	—	Tls. 40 sellers
Shanghai Gas Company, Limited	24,000	Tls. 50	Tls. 50	\$1,500,000 \$1,500,000 \$1,500,000	Tls. 7,090	Final of Tls. 5 and Tls. 10 for 1906	—	Tls. 45 buyers
Shanghai Horse Bazaar Co., Ltd.	5,400	Tls. 50	Tls. 50	\$1,500,000 \$1,500,000 \$1,500,000	Tls. 9,751	Final of Tls. 9 making in all Tls. 14 for 1907	11 1/2 %	Tls. 122 sales
Shanghai Pulp and Paper Company, Limited	4,500	Tls. 100	Tls. 100	\$1,500,000 \$1,500,000 \$1,500,000	Tls. 3,354	{ Interim of 15/- for account 1907 (old) Interim of 11 1/3 for account 1907 (new)	{ — —	Tls. 375 sales
Shanghai-Sumatra Tobacco Company, Limited	30,000	Tls. 20	Tls. 20	\$1,500,000 \$1,500,000 \$1,500,000	Tls. 8,493	None	—	\$23 buyers
Shanghai Waterworks Company, Limited	16,350	£20	£20	\$1,500,000 \$1,500,000 \$1,500,000	Tls. 85,592	40 cents for year ending 31.5.07	6 1/2 %	\$6 sellers
South China Morning Post, Limited	6,000	\$25	\$25	\$1,500,000 \$1,500,000 \$1,500,000	\$41,934	Tls. 6 1/2 for year ending 30.4.07	5 %	Tls. 97 sellers
Steam Laundry Company, Limited	20,000	\$5	\$5	\$1,500,000 \$1,500,000 \$1,500,000	\$478	50 cents for 1907	—	\$10 buyers
Tientsin Waterworks Company, Limited	2,000	Tls. 100	Tls. 100	\$1,500,000 \$1,500,000 \$1,500,000	Tls. 201	{ 80 cents on 9,000 ord. shares and \$19.80 on 100 Founders shares for yr. end. 31.5.07 Interim of 30 cents for account 1907	{ 8 % 6 1/2 %	\$10 \$10 buyers
Union Waterboat Company, Limited	50,000	\$10	\$10	\$1,500,000 \$1,500,000 \$1,500,000	\$1,360	Final of 30 cts. making 80 cts. for the year ended 30th June, 1906	—	\$5 1/2
United Asbestos Oriental Agency, Limited	10,000	\$10	\$10	\$1,500,000 \$1,500,000 \$1,500,000	\$5,482	—	—	—
Watson, (A. S.) & Co., Limited	90,000	\$10	\$10	\$1,500,000 \$1,500,000 \$1,500,000	—	—	—	—
William Powell, Limited	15,000	\$10	\$10	\$1,500,000 \$1,500,000 \$1,500,000	\$41	—	—	—

* These shares are entitled to half of the profits.

Mails.

MESSAGERIES MARITIMES

FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS

THE PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.

STEAM FOR STRAITS, OCEAN, AUSTRALIA, INDIA, ADEN, EGYPT, MEDITERRANEAN PORTS, LONDON.

(Through Bills of Lading issued for BATAVIA, PERSIAN GULF, CONTINENTAL, AMERICA and SOUTH AFRICAN PORTS.)

THE Steamship

"DELHI," Captain J. D. Andrews, R.N., carrying His Majesty's Mails, will be despatched from this for BOMBAY, etc., on SATURDAY, the 4th April, at Noon, taking Passengers and Cargo for the above Ports in connection with the Company's S.S. *Maldiva*, 9,500 tons, from Colombo, Passengers' accommodation in which vessel is secured before departure from Hongkong.

Silk and Valuables, all Cargo for France, and Tea for London (under arrangement) will be transhipped at Colombo into the Mail steamer proceeding direct to Marseilles and London, other Cargo for London, &c., will be conveyed from Bombay by the R.M.S. *Macdonald*, due in London on 16th May, 1908.

Parcels will be received at this Office until 4 P.M. the day before sailing. The Contents and Value of all Packages are required.

For further Particulars, apply to
F. J. ABBOTT,
Acting Superintendent
Hongkong, 21st March, 1908.

STEAM FOR SINGAPORE, BATAVIA, COLOMBO, CALCUTTA, BOMBAY, DJIBOUTI, EGYPT, MARSEILLES, LONDON, HAVRE, BORDEAUX, MEDITERRANEAN AND BLACK SEA PORTS.

The S.S. "POLYNESIEN"

Captain Broc, will be despatched for MARSEILLES on TUESDAY, the 31st March, at 1 P.M.

This Steamer connects at Colombo with the Australian line a.s. *Calcedonia* bound for Marseilles via Bombay and Aden.

Passage tickets and through Bills of Lading issued for above ports.

Cargo also booked for principal places in Europe.

Next sailings will be as follows:—

S.S. *TOURANE* 14th April.
S.S. *ARMAND BEHIC* 28th April.
S.S. *AUSTRALIEN* 12th May.

J. MILLET, Agent
Hongkong, 18th March, 1908.

Intimations.

ACHEE & CO.

ESTABLISHED 1859.

FURNITURE.

GENERAL HOUSEHOLD

REQUISITES.

&c. &c. &c.

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